

The Cromwell Argus

AND NORTHERN GOLD-FIELDS GAZETTE.

No. 280, Vol. VI.]

CROMWELL, OTAGO, N.Z.: TUESDAY, MARCH 23, 1875.

[Price 6d.]

Cromwell Advertisements

DAVID A. JOLLY & CO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

FAMILY GROCERS,

WINE, SPIRIT, AND GENERAL MERCHANTS.

We desire to intimate that in order to meet the growing exigencies of our business, we have lately built substantial stone additions to our former premises.

At the urgent request of our numerous customers, we have added to our other branches of business, that of

DRAPERY, CROCKERY, & IRONMONGERY.

We would further notify that, having engaged a Buyer in connection with our business to select special lines consigned from the Home and Melbourne markets, we will in future be in a position to offer such superior advantages to our customers as will not fail to ensure a continuance of their liberal patronage, and, more especially, will command the attention and confidence of the Trade, Runholders, and Large Buyers.

DAVID A. JOLLY & CO.

Our GROCERY STOCK comprises:

Teas, of excellent flavour, in chests, half-chests, and boxes
Coffees, from the pure bean, ground, on the premises
Cocoa, Chocolate, of the best brands
Sugars: crystals of every shade, and crushed loaf
Bacon, Cheese, Butter: weekly supplies from the best dairies
Jams, Jellies, and Pickles

Candles: best brands
Soap: treble crown, blue mottled, household, scented in bars, cakes, and boxes
Vestas, by approval makers
Salt: table, fine, and coarse
Raisins: Muscivels, Sultanias, and Elemes
Oils: salad, castor, and kerosene
Sauces: Lea and Perrins, Mushroom, Nabob, and assorted

TOBACCOES.

Imperial, Aromatic, cable-twist—superior
Cameron's celebrated brands—Havelock, Golden Bar, Venus, tens
Barrett's Twist, in quarter-tins and boxes.

Water Lily, Over the Water, navy sizes
Cut Tobaccos, in pound, half-pound, and quarter-pound tins, and in bulk.

WINES AND SPIRITS.

Brandies: Hennessy's, Associated Vineyard, Martell's, in bulk and case
Whiskies: Old Glenury, J. Lay, Longjohn's, in bulk and case
Rum: Lemon Hart's
Port: Fine old Offley's, six grape
Sherry: Gonzalez, six diamond
Gin: J. KZ Geneva, Nectar, and Kummell
Old Tom: Barnett's, Bernard's
Claret: St. Julien's

Moselle: No. 2
Hock: Gold Leaf
Gin or Wine, in bulk and case
Ales: Tennent's, Younger's, and Colonial.
Porter: Blood's, Byass's, Guinness's, and Colonial
Cordials: assorted
Sarsaparilla: Singleton's, Townsend's
Bitters: Selner's, Stoughton's

IRONMONGERY STOCK consists of

Blasting powder and fuse
Gunpowder, cans, and shot
Long and short handled shovels
Spades, sluice forks
Picks and pickhandles
Gold dishes, hose-pipes
Drills and drilling hammers
Manilla and flax ropes
White lead, castor, boiled, and colza oils
Galvanised and corrugated iron
Stoves and piping

Rivets and pannikins
Tea-kettles, iron and tin
Galvanised iron buckets and tubs
Iron boilers
Enamelled and tinned stew and saucepans
Axes and axe-handles
Nails, cut and wrought
Tacks, clout and American cut
Garden rakes, hoes, and spades
Cutlery, a large assortment
Carpenters' tools of every description.

CANVAS, SADDLERY, AND BRUSHWARE.

HOLT'S SEWING MACHINES: CABINET AND HAND.

DRAPERY & CLOTHING DEPARTMENT.

Suits: silk-mixture, Galatea, Paget, sac
Boys' do.
Trousers and Vests: Mosgiel, silk mixed, tweed, doeskin
Shirts: white dress, crimeans, scotch twill, tweed
Pants and undershirts, in flannel, lamb's-wool, merino, and cotton
Hosiery and hats

Dress materials: winceys, French merinos, all-wool plaids, print's
Flannels; Calicoes, bleached and unbleached
Blankets, rugs, quilts
Table-covers, bed and toilet-covers.
Cocoa and felt matting
Hessian, bed-ticking, carpets
Top, waterproof, and tweed coats; etc., etc.

BOOTS & SHOES.

Boots: men's elastic-sides, watertights, half-Wellingtons; Hayward and North British Gum Boots
Women's and children's Boots, Shoes, and Slippers, in calf, kid, and cashmere.
N.B.—All goods in this department are marked at low prices.

CROCKERYWARE.

Breakfast, dinner, and bedroom sets complete
Lamps: parlour, hanging, bracket

China, glass, and earthenware goods of every description

FILTERS, VASES, AND LUSTRES.

FANCY GOODS.

Electro-plated Britannia-metal tea and coffee pots; meerschaum and briar pipes—a choice selection; patent medicines; stationery; p. r. mery.

COLONIAL PRODUCE: Wheat, Oats, Chaff, Pollard, and Potatoes.

D. A. J. & Co. have been appointed sole agents for the sale of Bute Bros.' superior silk-dressed flour, bran, and pollard; and are prepared to promptly execute all orders within a radius of sixty miles.—FLOUR GUARANTEED. TERMS LIBERAL.

SHAMROCK STORE,
CROMWELL.

WILLIAM SHANLY,

FAMILY GROCER,

GENERAL STOREKEEPER,

is carrying on business at the old-established premises, next to the Bank of New South Wales, Malmore-street.

The BEST QUALITY of GOODS only
is kept in stock.

All orders will meet with prompt attention

SWAN BREWERY,
CROMWELL.

GOODGER AND KUHTZE,

Proprietors.

GOODGER AND KUHTZE are now prepared to supply their unrivalled XXXX ALES in any quantity.

Orders left with Mr G. W. Goodger, Cromwell, or at the Brewery, will be promptly attended to.

GOODGER & KUHTZE.

Cromwell Advertisements

IMPORTANT NOTICE

I. HALLENSTEIN and Co.,

CROMWELL, QUEENSTOWN, LAWRENCE, DUNEDIN, & MELBOURNE,

DIRECT IMPORTERS.

Having just removed into our NEW PREMISES, in respectfully thanking the Public for their past support, and soliciting a continuance of their patronage, we beg to assure them that our object in future will be, in order to meet the increasing demand, to keep a much larger and better-assorted stock of

DRAPERY, CLOTHING, BOOTS, & GENERAL GOODS

than hitherto,—the best, in fact, ever seen out of Dunedin,—which we will sell at prices that will defy competition. Our motto will strictly be

"SMALL PROFITS AND QUICK RETURNS."

We beg specially to draw attention to our splendid stock of

DRESS GOODS,

Comprising Silks, Poplins, Repp, Twills, Mohair, Merinos, Llamas, Batistes, Prints, Winceys, Gingham, Alpaca, Lustres, &c. (We can offer some really good Bargains in the above line.)

Also, Ladies' Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats, latest style, just received from Melbourne.

Our Stock of

UNDERLINEN, CALICOES, BLANKETS, &c. &c.,

Will be found to comprise every quality, and are on sale at extremely low figures.

OUR CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

Is stocked entirely from our DUNEDIN CLOTHING FACTORY.

THE BOOT & SHOE DEPARTMENT

Includes every description of Men's, Women's, and Children's Boots, of all qualities and prices.

A large supply of WHEAT, OATS, BRAN, & POLLARD always on hand.

Being the only authorized agents for

ROBERTSON & HALLENSTEIN'S BRUNSWICK FLOUR MILLS,
LAKE WAKATIPU,

We are prepared to supply their best Silk-dressed Flour, guaranteed equal to Adelaide.

GROCERIES, WINES, SPIRITS, & PROVISIONS.

IRONMONGERY & CROCKERY.

TIMBER AND BUILDING MATERIALS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

PAPERHANGINGS, OILS, & PAINTS.

GRINDERY AND SADDLERY.

PATENT MEDICINES OF ALL KINDS.

FURNITURE AND BEDDING.

We beg to invite the Public to come and inspect the premises and Stock, and judge for themselves.

I. HALLENSTEIN & CO.

WHOLESALE, RETAIL, AND GENERAL MERCHANTS,

MELMORE TERRACE, CROMWELL.

Cromwell

BELFAST STORE,
CLYDE AND CROMWELL.

WINE, SPIRITS, GROCERIES, HARD-
WARE, COLONIAL PRODUCE,
&c. &c. &c.

JAMES HAZLETT

Begs to inform the Public of the Dunstan Dis-
trict that, in connection with his established
business of ten years at Clyde, he has opened
EXTENSIVE PREMISES AT CROMWELL,
where he will be able to supply the Trade, Run-
holders, Farmers, and Private Families, with
EVERY CLASS OF GOODS, of the very best
description, at the lowest current rates.

JAMES HAZLETT would particularly mention
that in the FLOUR & COLONIAL PRODUCE
BUSINESS he can defy competition, as in that
line he is in connection with Messrs WHITTING-
HAM BROTHERS, of Queenstown, who are the
largest buyers in the Lake District.

J. HAZLETT, being a CASH BUYER in the
Dunedin and Melbourne Markets, feels confident
he can sell the cheapest and best article in the
District, and invites a visit from Purchasers.

Note the address:

JAMES HAZLETT,
CLYDE AND CROMWELL.

WILLIAM TAYLOR,
BOOTMAKER,

MELMORE STREET ... CROMWELL

Has a large and varied stock of Boots and Shoes
on hand, of the best quality.

An inspection of the stock is invited.

Boots and Shoes made to order in the latest and
most approved fashion.

ALL WORK GUARANTEED.

PRICES MODERATE.



FREE TRADE BUTCHERY,
(Wholesale and Retail).

JAMES DAWKINS PROPRIETOR.

A supply of Beef, Mutton, Veal, Pork, Hams,
Bacon, &c., always on hand.

* Meat delivered at Town Prices throughout
the district.



CROMWELL BUTCHERY
(WHOLESALE AND RETAIL),

OWEN PIERCE PROPRIETOR.

A supply of Meat of all descriptions always on
hand, and sold at the Lowest Prices.

GREAT BARGAINS
GREAT BARGAINS!

Just Received,

An assortment of first-class Silver Hunting
LEVER WATCHES,
By the best London makers—all warranted.

ALSO,

Fine Lot of JEWELLERY and CLOCKS.

Inspection invited.

E. MURRELL,
Watchmaker, Cromwell.

NOTICE.

COALS! COALS!! COALS!!!

The Cromwell Coal Works will in future be
carried on by WILLIAMS & HAYES, who
have much pleasure in calling the attention of
the inhabitants of the Cromwell District to their
New Seam of Coal, which is far superior to any
hitherto obtained in the same works, or in any
other portion of the District. They therefore
respectfully solicit a continuance of the patron-
age heretofore bestowed, with the conviction
that that patronage will be deserved.

All orders entrusted to us will be attended to
at once, and on the shortest notice, as we intend
to keep a good supply of coals at the pit-mouth.
Coals delivered anywhere, either in or out of the
district; and lowest cartage prices charged.

20s. per ton at the Works.

32s. .. delivered.

16 bags to the ton.

WILLIAMS & HAYES,
Coal Works, Cromwell

Cromwell

NEW DISCOVERY!

GREAT RUSH

TO THE

GREAT CLEARING SALE

—AT—

LONDON HOUSE, CROMWELL.

GREAT BARGAINS.

Fancy Dresses, 10s 6d, 12s 6d, 15s. Lustres in all shades, 1s 6d
French Merinos, 2s 3d yard. Winceys and Skirtings, 1s and 1s 3d
All-wool Flannel, double width, 3s; single width, 1s 9d
Prints, fast colours, 8d yard. Batiste Cloth for Dresses, 10d yard
Hollands, 8d, 10d, 1s; usual price, 11d, 1s 1d, and 1s 5d
White and Unbleached Calico, yard wide, 6s 9d dozen
Costumes from 22s 6d. Skirts, 7s 6d
Hosiery and Fancy Goods greatly reduced
Stays and Underclothing very cheap
Remnants—Remnants—Remnants
Ladies' Straw Hats from 1s 9d.

CLOTHING DEPARTMENT.

Tweed Suits, 39s 6d. Colonial Tweed Suits, 42s 6d
Trousers and Vest, 18s 6d. 25s; Dunedin made, 30s
Tweed Trousers, 11s 6d, 13s 6d, 16s; Corded Tweed, 16s 6d
Mole Trousers, 7s 6d, 8s 6d; best, 9s 6d
Boys' Knicker Suits, 11s 6d. Youths' Eton, 27s 6d, 30s
Trousers, Trousers and Vests, Men's and Boys' Suits
Slightly damaged by Fire.
Knitted Drawers, 6s 6d, 7s, 7s 6d; Cotton ditto, 3s 6d, 4s, 4s 6d
Flannels, 5s 6d, 6s 6d; best, 7s 6d
Heavy Plaid Shirts, 10s 9d—usual price 13s 6d
Plaid Shirts, 8s 6d, worth 11s 6d; 6s 6d, worth 9s 9d; Tweed ditto, 5s 6d
Cape Shirts, 7s 6d, 8s 6d, 10s 6d. Jean Shirts, 2s 9d, 3s 6d, 4s 6d
Felt Hats from 3s. Straw Hats from 1s 9d.

BOOTS. BOOTS.

Ladies' Kid Boots, 7s 6d, 8s 6d, 9s 6d; Slippers, 4s 6d, 5s 6d
Children's Copper-toe Elastic-side Boots, 7s 6d
Dunedin and Christchurch made Watertights, 18s 6d
Elastic Sides, 12s 6d, 15s, 17s 6d.

ALL GOODS EQUALLY REDUCED.

The above are Cash Prices only, and any goods booked will be charged the usual price.

W. TALBOYS,

LONDON HOUSE, CROMWELL.

CHEAP HOUSE, CROMWELL,
(OPPOSITE COUNCIL CHAMBERS).

J. SOLOMON,
THE ORIGINAL AND GENUINE

CHEAP DRAPER AND CLOTHIER.

J. S., in thanking the residents of Cromwell and surrounding districts for their
valuable support since he established in the district, begs to assure all that he intend
keeping up the name he has made, of being

THE CHEAPEST DRAPER AND CLOTHIER IN CROMWELL!

Don't forget J. S. was the first to bring down the prices of Drapery, Clothing
Boots, &c., and, with a fair share of support, he is determined to keep them down, and
Sell Cheaper than any other house in Cromwell.

Come Early, and See the Largest, Best Assorted, and Cheapest Stock in Cromwell,
now being displayed at J. SOLOMON'S NEW PREMISES.

DRAPERY, MILLINERY, &c.

Ladies', Maids', and Children's Drapery and
Clothing of every description.

Splendid Assortment of Ladies' Colonaises.
Dresses, made up and in the piece, in every
variety of shade and texture.

New Stock of Silk Dresses, Silk and Velvet
Jackets: large Stock of Hats, trimmed
and untrimmed.

Calicoes, Winceys, Flannels, Hollands,
Linen, Blankets, Tweeds, Lustres, Persian
and Russell Corals, Handkerchiefs, Merinos,
Stays, Underclothing, Waterproofs, Cotton
and Woollen Hose.

Handsome Stock of Carpets.

Beautiful goods in Ruffles, Laces, Collars
and Cuffs, Silk Scarfs, and Silk Bows.

Alloa and Fingering Yarns.

THE CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

Comprises Men's, Youth's, and Boys' Clothing
of every variety in color and quality.

Crimean Shirts, Flannel Undershirts, Boys'
and Youths' Shirts.

Mens', Youths', and Boys' Hats and Caps.

Mens', Youths', and Boys' Half hose, in
Merino, Cotton, and Wool. Lamb's wool
Ribbed Pants, Plaiding Pants, Water-tight
Coats.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Ladies' and Children's, Men's, Youths' and
Boys—the Best Stock in Cromwell.

Fancy Goods and Patent Medicines.

Jewelry, Saddlery, Crockery and Glassware.

J. S.'s motto has been, from the first day he opened, to

SELL CHEAPER THAN ANY OTHER HOUSE IN CROMWELL,

and he intends sticking to the original motto, and

NO HUMBUG!

J. SOLOMON,
CHEAP HOUSE, MELMORE TERRACE.

Cromwell

CROMWELL TIMBER & IRON YARD
LATE MR GRANT'S
NEW ZEALAND & AMERICAN TIMBER YARD.

JAMES TAYLOR,

Carpenter and Builder, Ironmonger,



Has FOR SALE all kinds of Building Material
suitable for the district.

Estimates given for Buildings at the Lowest
PRICES compatible with Good Material and
Workmanship.

Punctuality and attention to all orders may
be relied on.

A Large Assortment of Paperhangings,
Paints, Glass, FURNITURE—comprising Chairs,
Tables, Washstands, Iron Bedsteads, &c.

Building Ironmongery, Carpenters' and Miners'
Tools, Hemp, Wire, and Manila Rope.

SADDLERY, &c., cheap.

VICTORIA JUNCTION HOTEL,
CROMWELL.

JAMES STUART,

(Late of the Ferry Hotel, Bannockburn.)

Begs to intimate to his friends and the public
that he has purchased the above Hotel, where
he hopes, by strict attention to business, and by
keeping the best Wine and Spirits, to merit a
share of public patronage.

A first-class table kept, and superior stone stab-
ling in course of erection.

N.B.—The nearest Hotel to the Courthouse.

K. P. R. E. T. S. C. H.,
CROMWELL,

COACH AND GENERAL PAINTER,
PAPERHANGER, &c.

Has always on hand a fine selection of Paper-
hangings, Paints, Glass, and Mouldings of every
description, at low prices.

Contracts undertaken for General Painting.
Paperhanging, Decoration,
and Sign Writing.

NOTICE.

BOOT AND SHOE MAKING.

WILLIAM HOWE,
begs to intimate to the public of Crom-
well and surrounding Districts that he has
begun business as Boot and Shoe Maker in the
premises lately erected by him two doors above
Mr Baird's residence, Upper Melmore Street,
Cromwell.

Having had a long experience in the trade,
W. H. is confident that he will give every satis-
faction to those who may entrust him with their
orders.

Good stock of Boots and Shoes always on
hand at reasonable prices.

Repairs neatly and cheaply executed.

Note the address:—Upper Melmore Street.

THOMAS FOOTE,

TAILOR AND CLOTHIER,
MELMORE TERRACE,
CROMWELL.

Ladies' Riding Habits made to order.

CHARLES COLCLOUGH,

SHAREBROKER, COMMISSION
AGENT,
ARBITRATOR, AND ACCOUNTANT
CROMWELL.

Having arranged to devote my time exclusively
to these occupations, business entrusted to
my care will receive every attention.

Agent for the New Zealand Fire Insurance
Company.

REMOVAL.

CROMWELL APOTHECARIES'
HALL removed to
Mr J. SOLOMON'S former Premises,
Next the Golden Age Hotel.

MAX GALL,

PHARMACEUTICAL CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST.
Prescriptions accurately prepared.

Dealer in Fancy Goods, Perfumery, Stationery,
Tobacco and Cigars.

NEWS AGENT & BOOKSELLER.

M. G. is happy to be able to state that busi-
ness having greatly increased, prices for medi-
cines will in future be considerably reduced
from former rates.

ALL CURES MADE EASY

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT

Bad Legs, Ulcers, Sores, Bad Breasts; and Old Wounds.

No description of wound, sore, or ulcer can resist the healing properties of this excellent Ointment. The worst sores readily assume a healthy appearance whenever this medicament is applied; a sound flesh springs up from the bottom of the wound, inflammation of the surrounding skin is arrested, and a complete and permanent cure quickly follows the use of the Ointment.

Piles, Fistulas, and Internal Inflammation.

These distressing and weakening diseases may with certainty be cured by the sufferers themselves, if they will use Holloway's Ointment, and closely attend to the printed instructions. It should be well rubbed upon the neighbouring parts, when all obnoxious matter will be removed, a poultice of bread and water may sometimes be applied at bed-time with advantage; the most scrupulous cleanliness must be observed. If those who read this paragraph will bring it under the notice of such of their acquaintance whom it may concern, they will render a service which will never be forgotten, as a cure is certain.

Rheumatism, Gout, and Neuralgia.

Nothing has the power of reducing inflammation and subduing pain in these complaints in the same degree as Holloway's cooling Ointment and purifying Pills. When used simultaneously, they drive all inflammation and depravities from the system, subdue and remove all enlargement of the joints, and leave the sinews and muscles lax and uncontracted. A cure may always be effected even under the worst circumstances, if the use of these medicines be persevered in.

Sore Throats, Diphtheria, Quinsey, Mumps, and all other Derangements of the Throat.

On the appearance of any of these maladies, the Ointment should be well rubbed, at least thrice a day, upon the neck and upper part of the chest, so as to penetrate to the glands, as salt is forced into meat. This course will at once remove inflammation and ulceration. The worst cases will yield to this treatment if the printed directions be followed.

Scrofula, or King's Evil, and Swelling of the Glands.

This class of cases may be cured by Holloway's purifying Pills and Ointment, as their double action of purifying the blood and strengthening the system renders them more suitable than any other remedy for all complaints of a scrofulous nature. As the blood is impure, the liver, stomach, and bowels, being much deranged, require purifying medicine to bring about a cure.

Eruptions, Scald Head, Ringworm, and other Skin Diseases.

After fomentation with warm water, the most relief and speediest cure can be readily obtained of all complaints affecting the skin and joints, by the simultaneous use of the Ointment and Pills. But it must be remembered that almost all skin diseases indicate depravity of the blood and derangement of the liver and stomach; consequently, in many cases, time is required to purify the blood, which will be effected by a judicious use of the Pills. The general health will readily be improved, although the eruption may be driven out more freely than before; and this should be promoted. Perseverance is necessary.

Bad Legs	Scalds
Bad Breasts	Sore Nipples
Burns	Sore Throats
Bunions	Skin Diseases
Bite of Mosquitoes and Sandflies	Scurvy
Coco-bay	Sore Heads
Chiego-foot	Tumours
Chilblains	Ulcers
Fistulas	Wounds and Yaws
Gout	Cancers
Glandular Swellings	Contracted and Stiff Joints
Lumbago	Elephantiasis
Piles	Chapped Hands
Rheumatism	Corns (soft)

There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N.B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each box and can be had in any language—even in Chinese.

CROMWELL POST-OFFICE.

MAILS CLOSE:

For Quartzville, Carrickton, Nevis, and Nevis Crossing, every Tuesday, at 8 a.m. sharp.
For Bendigo, every Tuesday, at 8 a.m.
For Luggate, Bendigo, Albertown, Pembroke, and Cardrona, every Thursday, at 8 a.m.
For Clyde, Dunedin, and intervening offices, Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, at 2.30 p.m.
For Dunedin, via Teviot, Tuapeka, and Tokomairiro, every Monday, at 2.30 p.m.
For Kawarau Gorge, Edwards's, Gibbston, Morven Ferry, Arrowtown, Frankton and Queens-town, every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, at 9 p.m.

MAILS ARRIVE:

From Nevis, Carrickton, Quartzville, and Bannockburn, every Wednesday, at 2 p.m.
From Cardrona, Albertown, Pembroke, Luggate, and Bendigo, every Friday, at 2 p.m.
From Bendigo, every Wednesday, at 2 p.m.
From Dunedin, Clyde, and intervening offices, Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, at 9 a.m.
From Queenstown, Frankton, Arrowtown, Morven Ferry, Gibbston, Edwards's, and Kawarau Gorge, Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, at 3 p.m.

C. E. NICHOLAS,

Postmaster.

Cromwell

HENRICH BEHRENS,

having purchased from Mr La Fontaine the business lately carried on by him in Cromwell as

WHEELWRIGHT AND COACH-BUILDER,
Begg to announce that he will carry on the same as before, in the premises opposite the Bank of New South Wales.

Good work guaranteed; and prices moderate.

Repairs promptly executed.

GOLDEN AGE LIVERY & BAIT STABLES.

THOMAS GILMOUR,

Having leased the Stabling in connection with the Golden Age Hotel, Cromwell, begs to assure travellers and others that every attention and care will be paid to horses entrusted to him.

Saddle Horses always on Hire.

Horses well and carefully Broken to Saddle and Harness.

GOLDEN AGE STABLES,
Melmore Terrace, Cromwell.

PROSPECTUS

OF THE
CROWN AND CROSS QUARTZ MINING COMPANY,
CARRICK RANGE.

The proprietors of the above Company, being anxious to erect a crushing-mill on or adjacent to their valuable quartz claim, known as the Crown and Cross, beg to lay the following facts before the investing public, with the hope that the object as stated may be carried out.

The ground now held by the proprietors is an ordinary six men's claim,—600 feet along the line of reef by 300 feet wide,—and within these boundaries are two if not more lines of reef, both of which have been proved to contain gold. From the first a yield was obtained of some 300 ozs. of gold, but owing to the charges for carting and crushing did not prove payable. The other reef, however, yielded the handsome return of 212 ozs. retorted gold from 180 tons of quartz. This crushing paid a good dividend. But if the battery had been on the ground, the results would have proved even more encouraging. The proprietors have now 120 tons of quartz from this latter reef on its way to the mill.

The proprietors have traced this reef 300 feet along the surface, finding it to carry payable gold throughout; and have sunk two shafts, one 30 and the other 40 feet, from which the above quartz was obtained. They have also driven a tunnel in 80 feet, which has cut the reef two feet thick at a depth of 75 feet from the surface. In the reef at this depth gold is plainly visible. By continuing this tunnel, the other reef would be cut at a depth of 180 feet.

Professor Ulrich, when inspecting this mine, gave it as his opinion that the proprietors would cut yet another reef, known as the Try Again, which would considerably enhance the value of the property now offered.

The proprietors purpose floating the company as follows:—The capital will be £6000, in 3000 shares of £2 each, of which 30s. will be paid up, leaving 10s. on call. The present proprietors will retain two-thirds of these, and now offer the balance to the public. As soon as 1000 shares are applied for, they bind themselves to devote £750 of the proceeds to erect the crushing-mill on the claim,—the said mill being in the first place to crush the company's stone, and, when disengaged, to crush for the public at a remunerative rate. The proprietors have secured an excellent mill-site at the junction of the two branches of Smith's gully, from which they can obtain a plentiful supply of water for crushing purposes. It is the intention to drive the mill by steam power at the beginning, and until more water shall be available for the motive power.

For any further particulars respecting the above property, apply to

HERBERT WATSON, & COTTON,
On the ground; or
JAMES MARSHALL,
Cromwell.

Holloway's Ointment.—Turn which way you will, go where you please, persons will be found who have a ready word of praise for this Ointment. For chaps, chafes, scalds, bruises, and sprains, it is an invaluable remedy; for bad legs caused by accident or cold it may be confidently relied upon for effecting a sound and permanent cure. In cases of swelled ankles, erysipelas, gout, and rheumatism, Holloway's Ointment gives the greatest comfort by reducing the inflammation, cooling the blood, soothing the nerves, adjusting the circulation, and expelling the impurities. This Ointment should have a place in every nursery. It will cure the long list of skin affections, which, originating in childhood, gain strength with the child's growth.

Cromwell

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

The Partnership hitherto existing between DAVID ANDERSON JOLLY and JAMES MILLER BROWN, trading under the style or firm of D. A. JOLLY & Co., Merchants, Cromwell, Otago, New Zealand, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. All accounts due to and by the said firm will be received and discharged by DAVID ANDERSON JOLLY.

DAVID ANDERSON JOLLY
JAMES MILLER BROWN.

Witness to both signatures:

JOHN FRESHAW.

March 1, 1875.

CROMWELL

VETERINARY SHOEING FORGE,

Next door to

KIDD'S CROMWELL HOTEL.

ROBERT WISHART,

General Blacksmith, Farrier, Machinist, &c., Begg to intimate to the public that he has purchased the business from Mr EDWARD LINDSAY, as Farrier and Blacksmith, and hopes by paying strict attention to business, and turning out good substantial work of all kinds, guaranteed, to merit a continuance of public support.

R. W. begs to intimate to the public generally that he has purchased the CAST IRON BED for TIERING WHEELS from Mr LINDSAY, being the first introduced up-country; and in this branch he will guarantee to give every satisfaction.

Horses shod on the latest and most approved principle.

Light Shoes 12s.
Draught do. . . . 17s.

R. WISHART,
Veterinary Shoeing Forge.



THE CROMWELL BAKERY

J. SCOTT,

BREAD AND BISCUIT BAKER,
Melmore-street, Cromwell.

Families waited on for orders, and Bread regularly delivered in all parts of the district.

V. R.

MINING LEASES REGULATIONS.

PROVINCE OF OTAGO, NEW ZEALAND.

March 19, 1875.

To the Warden, Cromwell.

Sir,—I have this day paid to the District Surveyor the sum required for the survey of the following gold mining lease application, as required by the Gold Mining Leases Regulations of Otago, and I agree, upon approval of this application, to execute a lease upon the bases therein stated, if the Governor or his Delegate shall think fit to grant the same.—I have the honour to be, sir, your obedient servant,

CHARLES COLCLOUGH.

Name and address in full of applicant.—Charles Colclough.

Style under which it is intended to conduct the business.—The Central Quartz Mining Company, Limited.

Extent of Land applied for.—400 yards by 200 yards.

Minimum number of men to be employed by the lessee.—For the first three months, two men; subsequently, when in full work, 10 men.

Amount of capital proposed to be invested.—£2000.

Proposed mode of working the land.—Sinking shafts and driving.

Precise locality.—North of Cromwell Company's second lease, and abutting on Lucknow Company's second lease.

Term for which lease is required.—Fifteen years.

Time of commencing operations.—On issue of certificate.

The above application and any objection thereto will be heard before me, at Cromwell, on 7th May, 1875. Any person desiring to object to the issue of a mining lease upon the above application must, within 48 clear days from the date of such application, enter his objection at my office.

W. LAWRENCE SIMPSON,
Warden.

Cromwell

SEVEN PER CENT DEBENTURES.

£2000

Under authority of the Municipal Corporations Waterworks Act, 1872.

The CORPORATION OF CROMWELL is prepared to receive applications for 40 DEBENTURES, of £50 each, at £46.

A deposit of £5 per debenture must be paid on application, and balance on acceptance. Each debenture will bear interest from February 10.

CHAS. COLCLOUGH,
Town Clerk.

Applications will be duly numbered on receipt, and dealt with consecutively.

Bannockburn

CARRICK RANGE HOTEL, QUARTZVILLE.

CHARLES PEAKE,
Proprietor.

The Proprietor, having recently purchased the above well-known and centrally-situated Hotel, is now in a position to offer first-class accommodation to all who may favour him with their patronage.

The Premises are fitted up and furnished on the most complete scale, and the arrangements for the comfort of visitors and travellers are second to none in the district.

COMMODIOUS BILLIARD ROOM, fitted with one of Julius Paser's full-sized tables.

AN EXCELLENT SIX-STALLED STABLE, with careful groom always in attendance.

183 CHARLES PEAKE.

BANNOCKBURN HOTEL & STORE,

DOCTOR'S FLAT, BANNOCKBURN,

(On the Main Road to the Nevis).

GROCERIES, CLOTHING, BOOTS, and HOUSEHOLD REQUISITES of all descriptions kept in Stock.

The Goods, being obtained DIRECT from Dunedin, are retailed at the LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES.

N.P.—Good Stabling, Horse Feed, &c.

JOHN RICHARDS, PROPRIETOR.

WILLIAM SUTHERLAND,

General

BLACKSMITH & FARRIER,

Begg to intimate to Mining Companies and the public generally that he has removed to

QUARTZVILLE,

where he hopes, by strict attention to business and reasonable charges, to merit a share of the public patronage.

A DAMS' GULLY COAL-PIT, BANNOCKBURN.

GEORGE COCKBURN

Begg to inform the Inhabitants of the Cromwell and Bannockburn Districts that he has opened a Coal-Pit as above, and is prepared to supply Coal of first-class quality and in any quantity at lowest current rates.

Large consumers contracted with on reasonable terms.

BANNOCKBURN TIMBER YARD AND CARPENTER'S SHOP.

JAMES TAYLOR,

CROMWELL TIMBER AND IRON YARD,

Begg to inform the Residents of BANNOCKBURN, NEVIS, POTTERS, &c., that in order to meet the increasing requirements of those districts, he has opened a Branch Establishment at Doctor's Flat, opposite Mr Richards' Store.

A good supply of TIMBER and IRON for Building and Mining purposes always on hand.

Best Material and Workmanship Cheap for Cash.

BANNOCKBURN PUBLIC LIBRARY.

After Monday, April 27th, the Bannockburn Library will be in the SCHOOLMASTER'S RESIDENCE, Smith's Gully.

Terms of Subscription: Five Shillings entrance fee; and One Shilling a Month, payable quarterly in advance.

New Discovery.—Great Rush to the Great Clearing Sale at the London House.—W. Talboys would call the attention of the public to the cheapest sale ever held in Cromwell, and is fully aware that it is only necessary to make it known to cause a GREAT RUSH, for the public know from experience the great bargains to be obtained at this house, at such a time in particular. Inspection is invited, and is bound to cause a purchase. The price list will be found in another column.—ADVT.

WANTED, a General Servant. Apply Office of this Paper.

WANTED TO PURCHASE, A BILLIARD TABLE.

Apply to Mr WILLIAMSON, Roaring Meg Hotel.

WANTED.
TWO MASONS and TWO LABORERS, to erect stone building (labor only). Liberal wages. Apply immediately at ROARING MEG HOTEL.

T O L E T.
FARM of 150 acres, fenced, with House and outbuildings. Rent, £50 per annum. Apply, Office of this Paper.

CROMWELL DISTRICT HOSPITAL.

WANTED,
A WARDSMAN and MATRON (married couple). Salary, £90 per annum. Apply by letter, enclosing references, till April 1, 1875. CHAS. COLCLOUGH, Secretary.

CROMWELL DISTRICT HOSPITAL.

Applications for the appointment of MEDICAL OFFICER will be received by the undersigned till 1st April, 1875. Salary, £250 per annum with private practice within a radius of 50 miles allowed.

Applicants' names will be submitted to the Subscribers for Election after 1st April.

CHAS. COLCLOUGH, Secretary.

AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS.

Any persons not having either been called upon by the District Collectors for their Returns, or not having had a Form left to be filled up for such Return during the past month, are requested to communicate at once with the Superintendent Collector, Dunedin.

CORPORATION OF CROMWELL.

Public Notice is hereby given that all Persons owning Dogs or Goats within the Municipality shall upon 1st April, 1875, REGISTER the same at the Town Clerk's Office, and any person neglecting so to do is liable to the penalties therefor provided, viz., Dogs not less than 40s; Goats, 10s.

CHAS. COLCLOUGH, Town Clerk.

March 18, 1875.

C. BEEBY, WATCHMAKER, IMPORTER, AND MANUFACTURING JEWELLER, REES-STREET - QUEENSTOWN.

Orders executed and repairs made in both branches of the business by experienced workmen.

A. MURPHY'S

COMMERCIAL HOTEL, ARROWTOWN.

The best accommodation in Town.

First-class Sample Rooms.

EXCELLENT STABLING AND GROOMAGE.

An unsurpassed assortment of choice WINES, SPIRITS, and BEERS.

Horses and Buggies for Hire.

THE COLONIAL BANK OF NEW ZEALAND.

A Branch of this Bank is NOW OPEN for General Banking Business.

Highest Current Rates of Interest given on Deposits.

Agencies established throughout the Australian Colonies and Great Britain.

GOLD PURCHASED.

S. C. WORTH, pro Manager.

CROMWELL, Feb. 22, 1875.

SHEPHERD WANTED.

Wanted, for Upper Wanaka District, an experienced Hill Shepherd, accustomed to high country, and possessed of good dogs.

For particulars, apply at the Office of this Paper, or to

Mr THEODORE RUSSELL, Pembroke.

A MEETING of the EUREKA (late Rise and Shine) QUARTZ MINING CO. will be held on FRIDAY, the 2nd day of April, at 4 p.m., at the BRIDGE HOTEL, Cromwell.

JOHN MARSH, Sec. pro tem.

F O R S A L E, AT ALBERTTOWN.

PUNT across the Clutha River, doing a good and steady business.

Six-roomed Dwelling House, and Six-stalled Stable, on a freehold Section, with Garden and Stockyard; and Two vacant freehold Sections.

The owner of the above being about to leave the country is the reason he has for wishing to sell. Apply to

HUGH M'PHERSON, Alberttown.

F O R S A L E.

ONE FOURTH SHARE

in the

ATALANTA SLUICING CLAIM, CARDRONA.

To a person desirous of settling down, it is seldom such an opportunity occurs, and any comment on this really good mining property would be useless.

The only reason for selling is another engagement. For particulars of yield, etc., apply to A. E. FARQUHAR, Branch Creek, Cardrona; or CHARLES COLCLOUGH, Cromwell.

FOR SALE.

SATURDAY, 3rd APRIL.

MESSERS M'LANDRESS, HEPBURN, & CO. have received instructions to sell by public auction on Saturday, April 3:—

Lot I.

The whole of the Plant and Machinery of the Shag Valley Freehold Quartz Mining Company, consisting of

One 24-horse-power Steam Engine, with Battery of 10 head of Stamps, together with Blacksmith's Tools, Sheds, Manager's House, &c.

The whole is complete, and in perfect working order, erected on a leasehold of sixteen acres, in proximity to several well-known reefs.

Also Lot II.

All that parcel of freehold land, being Section 11, Block I., Dunback District, containing 91 acres 36 poles, in which a well-defined reef, 11 feet wide on the surface, has been traced 500 yards.

Further particulars from the auctioneers, or Mr T. M. WILKINSON, Dunedin, Official Liquidator for the Company.

THURSDAY, APRIL 22, 1875, at One o'clock.

At Goodger's Yards, Cromwell.

Broken and Unbroken EL SWICK COLTS.

GEORGE FACHE, having received instructions from Messrs CAMPBELL and M'LEAN, of Wanaka Station, will sell by public auction as above,

20 COLTS and FILLIES, rising 3, 4, and 5 years old, by the thoroughbred horse Elswick.

The 5-year olds are all broken-in to saddle.

The auctioneer can confidently say that so grand a mob of horses has never before been offered in the Cromwell district, and would urge on station-masters and all others wanting a first-class horse, to attend the sale. It must be admitted that on the sire's side they have the best strain of blood there is in the Province, whilst the dams are not to be surpassed.

CARRICK RANGE UNITED COMPANY.

A General Meeting of Shareholders will be held at PEAKE'S HOTEL, Quartzville, on SATURDAY, March 27, at 4 o'clock p.m.

Business important.

R. S. THOMASON, Secretary.

V.



R.

TO CONTRACTORS.

FRESH TENDERS are invited for the Erection of Provincial and General Government Offices at Queenstown (stone or brick).

Plans, etc., to be seen at the Court House, Queenstown, and tenders to be lodged in the Government Tender Box, Dunedin, by THURSDAY, 25th March, at noon.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. (By order.)

F. W. BURWELL, Architect.

CROMWELL KILWINNING LODGE (S.C.)

The REGULAR MEETING of the above Lodge will be held on Wednesday, 24th inst.

Business: Raisings.

By order of the R.W.M.

Cromwell Argus, AND NORTHERN GOLD-FIELDS GAZETTE.

CROMWELL: TUESDAY, MARCH 23, 1875.

It is pleasing to find that the Provincial Government is by its actions giving proof of a desire to advance the interests of the Goldfields, and assist residents thereon to yet further develop our mineral wealth. Time was when the rule prevailed to ignore the goldmining industry as the great lever which raised Otago to her prominent position in the Colony, and as one of the chief props which kept her in the van of progress. We have, however, no intention of harping on the old strain we have heard so much of—how the Goldfields have been, and are now being, treated as a milch cow; that Dunedin aggrandisement is the one thing sought after, even at the sacrifice of that industry which chiefly promotes her glory; of the obnoxious gold duty; the abolition of miners' rights, &c., &c. These cries have proved to be very fitting for the hustings, but the practical results have, so far, only exhibited the hollow pretensions of the agitators for the time being. No doubt a degree of truth lies at the bottom of some of these oft-repeated grievances, but a different action will have to be followed before they are remedied. Had the authorities of the earlier days shown as much consideration as their successors during the two years gone by, there would have been little room for cavil on the part of Goldfields denizens. But then stump orators and political place-hunters would find their congenial occupation gone, at least so far as the grievances above alluded to are concerned. We venture to assert that at no previous period of their existence have the Otago Goldfields had a more equitable share of justice meted out to them than during the TOLMIE-REID administration of the past two years. True, that measure is not by far up to the standard we have a right to expect, but it manifests an honest inclination to treat us with some degree of fairness. Mr BASTINGS placed the Goldfields in a more satisfactory condition than they had been for many previous years; and it is refreshing to find that his successor, Mr MACKELLAR, evinces a determination to act quite as liberally, and perhaps more judiciously. An example of this is to be found in the readiness with which the Government has come forward in response to the desire of the Arrow residents for assistance in prospecting for auriferous reefs in that locality. Many no doubt—we confess ourselves among the number—held the opinion that in preferring such a request, the Arrow Town Council were only laying themselves open to be sneered at and officially snubbed. It is therefore the more satisfactory to find that not only has the Executive offered to liberally subsidize the efforts of the residents, but has also pointed out a way in which the desired end is most likely to be attained. It will be seen the public money is not to be foolishly thrown away on a Government prospecting party, but local residents are forced to see that the funds are judiciously

and economically expended, for the very simple reason that they will themselves be double losers if an opposite course is allowed to be pursued. We have not space to enter into this subject at any great length; but the advantages the Government subsidy offer must be obvious to the most obtuse mind. A perusal of the conditions upon which the Government grant money in the effort to discover and develop new sources of wealth will at once show that while willing to assist as far as possible, self-reliance must be the guiding principle of those assisted. The plan adopted is not confined to the Arrow alone. From the wording of the correspondence (published elsewhere) we glean that the Executive will not be averse to holding out a helping hand to any community anxious to help themselves. No doubt other sections in a position similar to the Arrow will endeavor to gain assistance on the same terms, and their success or otherwise will assuredly depend largely upon the results of the first trial of the system. An honest and energetic effort on the part of the Arrow community can scarcely fail of success, in which case they will not only gain the prosperity craved for, but also the credit of perpetuating a scheme the results of which throughout the Province it is difficult to foretell.

The Goldfields Secretary left for Dunedin on Saturday. We understand he will return before the ensuing session of Council.

The ordinary meeting of the Municipal Council, which should have been held on Friday evening, lapsed for want of a quorum, a number of the members being absent from town.

The weather during the last few days has been very boisterous and cold, the surrounding hills being coated with snow. Last night was quite wintry, and gave a foretaste of the comfort of cheerful fires and warm clothing.

Logan's now celebrated claim has yielded its fortunate proprietors yet another rich plum in the shape of a 1200 ounce golden cake. This is the result of crushings—which have not been by any means constant—since Christmas. The treasure was brought down on Saturday, and now lies at the Bank of New South Wales.

We understand it is in contemplation to erect a spacious public hall at the Bannockburn, by the joint efforts of the local Lodges of Foresters and Templars. The inconveniently crowded condition of the building used on Wednesday last clearly demonstrates that increased accommodation in this direction has become a necessity.

The Dunedin Races commence to-day, and promise to be even more than usually attractive. Numbers of up-country residents have found important business calling them to the metropolis this week—the races, of course, being only a very slight consideration—and it is likely the race ground will be more largely attended than ever before. We have arranged to place the result of the events before our subscribers without delay.

A painful accident occurred on Sunday morning to a little boy, son of Mr Lawrence, Quartzville, which, however, might have brought even more serious consequences. It seems the youngster was running after some horses, one of which he followed into a stable, when the brute kicked out, and struck the poor little fellow on the face, knocking out a number of teeth and fracturing the lower jaw. He was immediately brought in to the surgery of Dr Corse, who sewed and dressed the wound—an operation the boy stood with great fortitude. Had he not fortunately been close up to the horse, the lad must have been killed.

Our Queenstown contemporary of Thursday has the following paragraph:—When going to press this evening we were shown a magnificent quartz and cement specimen by Mr R. D. Owens, of Morven Ferry, which he informs us was picked up by a miner between the Nevis and Arrow bluffs lately. The weight of it is two ounces four pennyweights, and we should calculate from the size that it contains half its weight in gold. It is covered more or less on all sides with coarse gold—some being crystallised—a proof that it cannot have travelled far from the parent reef. We hear the reef has not been discovered yet.

The term of Judge Gray's jurisdiction on the Otago Goldfields terminates with the present month. His Honor, in accordance with his self-sacrificing nature, has declined to accept of any public recognition of his able administration during several years. Although Mr Gray has refused any substantial token of the admiration and respect in which he is held by all classes on the Goldfields, he carries with him their earnest wishes that he may long live to enjoy the rest he has so well earned, after years of untiring exertions to benefit his fellow-men. It is understood Judge Harvey, of Westland, will shortly arrive to undertake the district judgeship of the Otago Goldfields.

Last Wednesday, being St. Patrick's Day, was observed, in accordance with the request of the Mayor, as a holiday, all the business places being closed. This fact was all, however, which went towards holiday making, no provision having been made for sports or enjoyment of any kind; and they were not a few who wondered what on earth all business was suspended for, seeing business men had little else to do than sit comfortless-looking at their shop-doors. However, in the afternoon an attempt was made to stir things up a little, a game of cricket being got up, at which there was some leather-hunting and a great deal of dust. In the evening, many availed themselves of going to the Bannockburn Templars' entertainment, where a very happy night was spent, as will be seen from our report in another column.

Fresh tenders are called for the erection of Government Buildings at Queenstown. Offers will be received up to noon of Thursday next.

At the District Court at Clyde last week, Geo. E. Barnes, of Bannockburn, application to be adjudged a bankrupt was granted, and the first meeting of creditors was fixed for Thursday, the 22nd inst., at the Court House Clyde. F. J. Wilson, solicitor.

The present month is rich in holidays—no less than three being observed—17th, St. Patrick's Day; 23rd, Anniversary of the Province; and Friday next, 26th, Good Friday. To-day and Friday are recognised Government holidays, during which all the offices are closed.

We are requested by Mr Postmaster Nicholas to intimate that, this being a Government holiday—the anniversary of the Province—mails will be delivered only between 10 and 10.30 a.m. The Friday's down-country mails will close on Thursday evening at 9 p.m., instead of Friday morning.

Those of our readers who take an interest in horse-racing will be glad to hear that Lurline has distinguished herself in Victoria by winning the Australian Cup easily. The prize was 300 sovs., with a sweep of 20 sovs., and the winner carried 8st. 1lb. Calumny won the Brunswick Stakes, with Lurline second, and Lurline ran second in the Keilor Stakes.

One of the proprietors of that promising mine, the Crown and Cross, Carrick, is now on his way to Dunedin for the purpose of securing crushing machinery. It is pleasing to note the confidence in the district's wealth which induces working miners to undertake such heavy expenditure; and we cannot but wish them every success in their enterprise.

As is no doubt known to most of our readers, the Rev. J. Dewe has been appointed resident clergyman of the Church of England in this district. The rev. gentleman will preach in St. Andrew's Church on Sunday first, at 7 p.m. It is the usual custom to present the incumbent with the offertories collected on this day; but we believe Mr Dewe has generously intimated his intention of handing over the amount to the Church Building Fund. While on church matters, we may mention that Divine services will be held each evening during the present week, commencing at 8.30 p.m., while on Good Friday there will be a morning and evening service.

We have received from Mr W. R. Buchan a lengthy letter in reply to Mr Drury's epistle of last week. We then intimated we had no desire to lend the columns of this journal as the medium of personal spite between the rival correspondents, and we see no reason to alter that view. Indeed, it is subject of regret that the quarrel was allowed to come into these columns at all. In Mr Drury's letter of last week were many personal and insulting remarks, which were excised, and indeed his writing would not have found a place at all only we thought he was in justice entitled in some sort to a reply. Now Mr Buchan sends a communication in which his adversary's sins and weaknesses are laid bare, and which, were the averments and insinuations true or false, is too strong for us to publish. If Mr Buchan and Mr Drury entertain so very small an opinion of each other let them pass one another by in silence. It cannot possibly interest the public whether the one is a new chum digger, or the other indulges in a pot more than is good for him. The good sense of the belligerents will therefore, we are sure, suggest that the columns of a newspaper is not the place to vent personal animosities.

The latest news regarding the wreck of the ill-fated Gothenburg, under date 12th inst., holds out no hope of the recovery of the occupants of the missing boats. The starboard boat when last seen was in a very bad state, with her stern torn out, and her occupants naked, without sails, oars, provision, or water. It is concluded that they could not have survived. The Gothenburg is lying in three fathoms of water, with a strong list to port. Her back is broken, and it was expected she would break up if the weather came bad. A diver recovered the gold on board. It has been claimed by the Collector of Customs, as Receiver of Wrecks. The diver, when below getting the gold, saw the bodies of two females from the hatchway of the cabin, but failed to approach them for want of sufficient air tubing. He caught two sharks. In the stomach of one were a human skull and some bones. In the stomach of another were found bones and apparel. He forwarded the bones to Brisbane. The crew of the Bunyip found £250 in a belt on a corpse floating near the wreck of the Gothenburg. The body was too decomposed to identify it. The money was handed to the Collector of Customs at Townsville.

Archibald Gavin, prosecutor in the Riverton gold-selling case, died last Wednesday of erysipelas in the head. He was in a state of delirium, raving about the gold, till the last. It will be recollected the unfortunate man made a serious mistake in buying gold. He weighed the metal with sovereign weights instead of Troy—thus making a difference of nearly 30 ozs., the price of which (£142 5s. 10d.) he paid to the seller, who refused to refund. At the hearing of the case on the 9th inst., Mr Brodick, an officer connected with the Bank, said:—I recollect the 22nd ult. Archibald Gavin was in charge of the Bank on that date, and some days previous and subsequent thereto. I went into the Bank office either on the Thursday or Friday following. I believe it was Friday. On looking round the office I saw some sovereign weights in the scales. I thought it rather strange to see them there, and called Mr Gavin and asked him what he had been doing. I said: "You've surely never been buying gold with these weights?" He said he had. I told him he must have made a tremendous mistake in the weight. They then went to the safe and brought out the gold now produced, and weighed it. I looked at the butt of the receipt, and found that he had paid for 51 ozs. I then weighed the gold with the Troy weights, and found that it weighed 13 ozs. 16 dwts. I then put the 30 and 20 sovereigns weights and 20 dwts. in the scales and found that the gold agreed exactly in weight with what Mr Gavin informed me it weighed when purchased.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

DUNEDIN.

MONDAY, 8.45 p.m.

At a meeting of the Stewards of the Dunedin Races on Friday evening, the action of the Oamaru Club in disqualifying R. Barton and the horse Exile was endorsed. The disqualification was made on account of suspicious riding in the Members' Plate at the Oamaru meeting.

Miss Christian, the talented singer, will arrive in Dunedin in a day or two.

The Victorian victories of Lurline and Calumny caused great satisfaction in Christchurch, the former having been considerably backed to win the Australian Cup.

The Wellington Provincial Government has asked all the banks to tender for its account.

While a waggoner named George Valentine was unyoking his horses near town on Friday, the leader took fright, knocked Valentine down, and walked over him. He was found to have sustained concussion of the brain, a long lacerated scalp wound, and compound fracture of the nose.

The cricket match between South Canterbury and Otago resulted in a draw. Otago made 186 in the first innings, and 31 for four wickets down in the second. South Canterbury, first innings, 104; second innings, 161.

The Sunday evening services in the Queen's Theatre are largely patronised.

The favourites in the betting for the Dunedin Cup are, in order: Ngaro, Traitor, Templeton.

It is stated that the Australian Mutual Provident Society, through the wreck of the Gothenburg, have had to meet claims to the extent of £5000.

A destructive fire broke out at Oamaru shortly after midnight on Saturday. A block of wooden stores and one hotel (the Alliance) were destroyed. The damage is estimated at about £7000, of which £4850 is covered by insurances, as follows:—New Zealand, £3200; South British, £500; Royal, £800; National, £104; Norwich Union, £250.

GRAHAMSTOWN, March 19.

Sir George Grey addressed the electors in the Theatre Royal last night. The building was crowded. In the course of his speech, he explained his position as a Provincialist, and said that New Zealand, with Provincial institutions, would be the first country in the world. A resolution was passed thanking him for his address, and expressing full confidence in his ability for the office of Superintendent.

NELSON, March 19.

Judge Gillies took his seat on the Bench, in banco, to-day, and received a congratulatory address from the members of the bar.

NELSON, March 22.

A fire broke out on Saturday at midnight in the drapery establishment of Messrs Everett Bros. The premises and stock were entirely consumed. Loss, L.5500. Norwich Union, L.1000; Victoria, L.100; Standard, L.1000; Liverpool, London, and Globe, L.600.

AUCKLAND, March 21.

Olson's sauce factory and two houses were totally destroyed by fire last night. The estimated loss is L.5000. The stock and plant were insured for L.2950 in the New Zealand, which had transferred half the risk to the South British. On the furniture and dwelling-houses, the insurances are: New Zealand, L.700; South British, L.500; Victoria, L.200.

THE BANNOCKBURN CONCERT.

On the evening of St. Patrick's Day, the Bannockburn Lodge of Good Templars (the Robert Bruce Lodge) gave a Concert and Ball, in Halliday's old hotel. This was the first celebration of any kind under the auspices of the Lodge, which is to be congratulated upon the success achieved. The attendance was very large indeed; altogether too large for the accommodation. So that the room should not be encroached upon by the stage, an ingenious arrangement was contrived. Part of the partition of an adjoining smaller room was cut away, so that the singers sang from one room into another, so to speak. This, if it had a beneficial effect as regards space, had a detrimental effect as regards sound, and greatly interfered with the success of the singing. Making allowance for this drawback, however, everything passed off very well. With the aid of the Cromwell Brass Band, and a number of Cromwell performers, an excellent programme was submitted. Mrs Watson and Mrs Herbert, of Bannockburn, rendered good service, as did Mrs Corse, of Cromwell. Master Corse, a youngster of eleven or so, sang "If I'd the wishing cap" very creditably. Messrs Stevens and Edwards, of Cromwell, also sang,—the latter contributing the best song of the evening, "Thou art so near and yet so far," for which he was vociferously encored. Mr R. Campbell, an old favourite, was as effective as usual, singing in duets and trios with Mrs Watson and Mrs Herbert. Mr Richardson, of Bannockburn, sang "Erin-go-bragh," and also a couple of Irish comics, the latter creating much amusement. The Brass Band added considerably to the enjoyment of the audience by playing a number of selections in very good style.

The concert being concluded, the opportunity was taken by Mr E. Barnes, Worthy Chief Templar of the Lodge, of thanking the audience for their patronage, and the performers for their services, making especial mention of the Band. Then, while the room was being cleared for the ball, an adjourn-

ment was made to the refreshment room. And here we must really say a few words in praise of Mr Geor's efforts in this line. The refreshments provided would have done credit, no less for quality than quantity, to a Dunedin caterer, and were certainly beyond what might have been expected. Dancing was afterwards carried on with great spirit, and certainly under difficulties owing to the crowded state of the room, for several hours. The Brass Band supplied the music, and Mr E. Barnes acted as M.C.

In the afternoon of next day, a treat was given by the Lodge to the children of the district, who mustered in great numbers, and were fed to their hearts' content on tea and buns. Mr Geor with commendable liberality gave a considerable sum of money (£6 or £7 we believe) as prizes, which were competed for by the youngsters in foot-racing, etc. The afternoon's proceedings are described to us as having been of a very jolly and enjoyable description, and will not soon be forgotten by the little people.

MUNICIPAL COUNCIL.

A special meeting of above body was held on the evening of the 16th instant, at which the Mayor, Crs Arndt, Grant, and Taylor were present.

COSTS IN APPEAL CASE.

A letter was read from Mr Johnston, solicitor, re payment of his costs in the appeal case of Mr Marsh. It was decided the letter be dealt with by the Legislative Committee, with power to arrange for the payment of costs, or otherwise, as the Committee might think fit.

BOARD OF WARDENS.

The names of the following gentlemen were ordered to be forwarded to his Honor the Superintendent for approval as forming portion of the Board of Wardens for the Cromwell commonage—Messrs Towan, Dawkins, and Bennett.

WATER PIPES.

The Clerk was ordered to telegraph Oliver and Ulph to know date of delivery in Dunedin of pipes at £12 10s; and, in event of a favourable reply, the Public Works Committee deal with same.

FINANCE COMMITTEE'S REPORT.

The Finance Committee's report was read, and the accounts therein recommended ordered to be paid. The following is a copy of the report:—

Your Committee have examined the accounts which have accumulated, and recommend payment of the following:—H. Henstein and Co., £1 0s 6d; J. Robertson, £2 17s 6d; Barres, £1 5s; Escoff, £1 13s; Partridge, £1 13s; Mason, £3 10s; Daily Times, £4 3s; Auditors, £4 4s; Baker, on account, £30; Town Clerk, on account, £25; Matthews and MacKellar, £10 5s; George Fache, £1; sundry small labor accounts, £4 4s; Johnston (solicitor) £9 15s 8d.—Total, £100 12s 8d.

We find that although this payment will apparently overdraw the Bank account, yet as several of them will be of the character of contra accounts, the payments will not overdraw so heavily as might appear at first sight; and as the rates are now being paid cheerfully by the citizens, any overdraw will be only very temporary. We consider the solicitor's charge a very heavy one, and regret that special arrangements as to charge in each case should have been overlooked. The account of Mr Fache, auctioneer, is very heavy, but as he deducted the amount from his sales, we could only pass it, but would advise special arrangements for any future sales. Some accounts were presented to us which we have thought it advisable not to deal with for a short time, and they will come under our cognizance at our next report.

MAGISTRATE'S COURT.

FRIDAY, MARCH 19, 1875.

(Before W. Lawrence Simpson, Esq., R.M.)

Novello v. Chambers.—Claim for £8. No appearance of either party; case struck out. J. Beattie v. R. Davidson.—Claim for £3. No appearance of plaintiff; case struck out; 10s expenses being allowed defendant. William Edwards v. R. Joblin.—Claim, £29 11s 9d. No appearance; struck out.

A slaughtering license was granted to Charles Nichols, Ardour Station; and a similar application by R. Williamson, Roaring Meg, was refused.

WARDEN'S COURT.

FRIDAY, MARCH 19, 1875.

(Before W. Lawrence Simpson, Esq., Warden.)

Goldsmith and party v. Goolger and party.—This was an action to recover £50, damages alleged to have been sustained by plaintiffs by reason of defendants preventing them from obtaining their full quantity of water (three heads) from Bannockburn Creek. Mr Wilson appeared for plaintiffs; Mr Johnston, for defendants, entered a plea of general denial.

The evidence of plaintiffs went to show that they held the second right of water out of the creek, and defendants the third right. Thomas and party possessed the first right. Goolger and party's right was highest up the creek. The quantity of water first fell off on 21st February, when Thomas and party gave the plaintiffs notice that they were not getting their supply. Plaintiffs sent down the water to Thomas, and in turn served a notice of insufficient supply on defendants, requiring them to desist from using the water until plaintiffs' right was satisfied. Matters not improving, further and imperative notices were served on defendants, but without effect. Plaintiffs then went up the creek, examining all the side-streams, to see that the flow of water was not obstructed; and on reaching the head of the creek, it was found that defendants had dammed the whole body of water—seven or eight heads—and turned it down their race. Only a small quantity was allowed to escape, and that by leakage. Again served no-

tice on defendants, but were ultimately forced to take present proceedings.

After hearing a good deal of evidence on both sides, the Warden gave judgment for £20 damages, with witnesses' and professional costs, 31s, and costs of Court.

APPLICATIONS.

Excluded Claims.—Ah Ling and others, five acres, Nevis, granted; Kennedy and another, two acres, Pipeclay gully, postponed till April 9.

Tail Races.—Stephano Boadasi, near Cromwell slaughteryard, granted; Ah Ling and others, Nevis, granted; Kennedy and others, postponed till April 9.

Water Races.—Robert Girdwood, six heads from Gernau Gully, Nevis, and Ah Ling and others, five heads from Nevis River—granted.

Special Site.—Crown and Cross Company, Carrick, half an acre on which to erect machinery. Survey ordered.

Dam.—Tim Ping and another, Adams's Gully, refused until Warden sees situation.

Residence Areas.—Alfred Clark and Joseph Clark, one acre each near Perriau's farm, granted.

Protection.—Peter McDonald, 90 days, claim at Bailey's gully, granted.

Mining Leases.—Thomas M'Morran and another, sixteen acres at Upper Bendigo. Objected to by Hansen and others. Application granted, less ground held by objectors, and included in area applied for.

Agri cultural Leases.—The applications of Jas. Dawkins (50 acres, Cromwell flat), and Charles Colclough (30 acres, do.), were adjourned till April 9, to allow of completion of survey. The applications of George Partridge (10 acres) and Henry Partridge (30 acres), Lowburn, were granted.

ARROWTOWN.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

March 22, 1875.

This district is now making efforts to struggle into existence as a quartz mining field, encouraged by the success which has been achieved in your quarter, and driven, on the other hand, by the knowledge that the known alluvial deposits are pretty well used up. So that if the Arrow is to hold any rank in the future as a mining district it will be owing to and dependent upon its quartz reefs. When I say making "efforts" I must confess that they are most inadequate to the results hoped for, as M'Nulty's party of two men at the 12-Mile, and an isolated prospector or two in other directions, is about the total at present; and I am very glad to see the 12-Mile Progress Committee are setting about raising funds to commence prospecting in a suitable manner, and also that it seems probable that the Government will assist in this all-important work. The 12-Mile seems to be the likeliest spot for examination in the first instance, on account of the favorable indications in the shape of specimen quartz so widely distributed in that locality, although no regular reef showing very much gold has yet been discovered. M'Nulty's party have found what seems to be a leader, and showing well. This may bring them on to a reef. The locality is so high, being three miles up the mountain from which the 12-Mile heads, and so bare of timber, and even firewood, that rapid progress cannot be looked for at first; and besides the season has so far advanced that another two or three weeks may bring with them the winter's snow, then but little can be done until next season. The reefs at Skippers are well situated in regard to available timber, and I am glad to see the re-opening of the Phoenix claim by a good party of tributaries, as it was a great pity to see a splendid battery of 30 stamp-heads, turbine, and all complete, rusting quietly away, and no doubt forgotten by all except those who have furnished the capital—many thousands of pounds—for this grandly fitted-up engine-room. Now its roar will once more awake the echoes of the mountains, and I trust that the party will be well paid and succeed in making the claim a really valuable property, as a large amount of capital has been sunk in opening it up.

Mr M'Kechnie applied on Saturday for a quartz claim in a tributary of Bush Creek called White's gully. The reef is well defined and about two feet wide. It was discovered accidentally, while rolling a log down the siding. The log struck against the reef, which was cropping out. Reef gold had been obtained in the alluvial workings of this gully some years back; and another party of miners who know of a reef higher up the range are going to prospect the locality next week.

The rich specimen which has been shown from the Kawarau by Cosgrove may have been obtained from the alluvial sluicing there, as I have failed to hear of any quartz discovery whatever in that quarter.

I believe that it would be worth the while of some of your miners to visit this district next season, to prospect for reefs, as we have few here possessed of means to prospect, while those who have, are—like nearly every one else who has money here—anxious to clear out, although, in my opinion, they may not find better fields.

Our municipal affairs may be summed up in the word "muddle." All the acts and doings of the Council are in utter disregard of the existence of such a book as the "Municipal Corporations Act," and in opposition to the rules of common sense. The miserable tinkering with the interests of the town is far worse than doing nothing at all; and, if this state of affairs continues long, the Arrow will have grave cause to regret the introduction of municipal institutions.

The Templars have finally decided to give a concert and ball on the 20th April, for the benefit of the School Committee, admission, including refreshments, to be 2s. 6d., and a large attendance is anticipated. The Lodge is also exerting itself to build a Temperance Hall as soon as possible.

THE MINER.

GOVERNMENT AID TO REEF PROSPECTING.

The following correspondence on above important subject, between the Goldfields Secretary and the Arrowtown Municipal Council, has been placed at our disposal:—

Cromwell, 12th March, 1875.

Sir,—Referring to the question of offering a bonus for the discovery of auriferous quartz reefs which was raised by the Town Council of Arrow some time ago, and referring also to the general question of assisting in prospecting for quartz which was under discussion on the occasion of my visit to Arrowtown in November last, I have the honor to inform you that the subject has since received the attention of the Government, and that it is ready, under certain conditions, to assist in such prospecting. A rough draft of those conditions I enclose for your consideration.

For the sake of definiteness, you will observe that the Town Council of Arrow, and that portion of the Arrow district which I was informed it was highly desirable to prospect, only are mentioned; but it is not to be understood that the Government wishes to confine its assistance to your particular body, nor to the district specially mentioned. At the same time, the Government will exercise its discretion in extending its offer, and may, if occasion requires, modify or altogether change the conditions under which assistance will in any other case be given.

I shall be glad to have the benefit of your Council's deliberations on this subject at your earliest convenience.—I am, &c.,

D. MacKELLAR,
Goldfields Secretary.

A. Innes, Esq., Mayor, Arrowtown.

P.S.—I may mention that this matter was considered by the Government before the late discovery near Macetown (which I trust will prove a permanent and valuable one), so the Council may, on considering the conditions, read any other portion of the district than the neighbourhood of Macetown.

MEMORANDUM OF CONDITIONS.

In the matter of assisting to prospect for auriferous quartz reefs as suggested by the Town Council of Arrow, the Government will agree to expend a sum of (say) one hundred pounds in prospecting the neighbourhood of Macetown, on condition—

1. That the Town Council at Arrow subscribe a similar sum.
2. That the sum of (say) £200 thus subscribed be placed to the credit (in trust) of the Warden for the district, to be operated upon by him at the request and with the consent of of four persons (or a majority of them), two of whom shall be appointed by the Government and two by the Council at Arrow.
3. That the four persons referred to shall constitute themselves and act as a private mining company, meeting to deliberate upon the conduct of the business at stated times, and keeping records of their proceedings, the Warden having the right to be present at such meetings, and, when present, to act and vote as chairman of the company.
4. That the company thus constituted mark off a claim at the place referred to, and prospect the same by driving, sinking, or in such manner as to them may seem best, and in all other ways act as to securing the ground, &c., &c., as a private company would do. None of the four persons named, to be personally employed in working the claim or to derive any salary on account of the working of the ground.
5. That the Company's operations shall cease when the sum of £200 has been expended, unless it is mutually determined between the Government and the Council that further works shall be proceeded with.
6. That in the event of the operations ceasing, the claim, tools, &c., to be disposed of by public auction, or in such manner as mutually determined, the proceeds being the joint property of the subscribers, and to be disposed of by the Warden in accordance with condition hereafter made.
7. That it shall be lawful for the company, in the event of what is deemed payable auriferous quartz being struck, to sell the claim by auction at any time.
8. Should the claim, when disposed of, realise the full sum expended (including the Government and Corporation advances), the sum advanced by the Government shall be appropriated by the Warden, to be again employed in prospecting for further reefs, under similar conditions. In the event of the sum realized exceeding the money expended, the Government advance to be appropriated, and the balance, including the profits, to go to the Corporation. In the event of the full sum expended not being realised, the Corporation to be reimbursed in the first instance, the balance, if any, being appropriated by the Warden.

It may be worth while explaining that though the Council of Arrow is spoken of, and will be treated by the Government as the subscribers of the similar sum to that advanced by the Government, the sum itself may be raised by private or public subscription. In any of these cases, the Arrow Town Council would simply be the body which dealt (in trust) with the sum subscribed.

"It's an ill wind that blows nobody any good" has been verified at the Acheron, Canterbury, where a bush fire has been burning during the past fortnight. The thick impenetrable scrub has been cleared away, and in one place has disclosed a rich reef, with lots of specimens lying on the surface. The ground has been pegged off and registered.

Some strange things are occasionally found in the miners sluice boxes when they wash up, but coined gold is not often found. Mr John Bulfin discovered a small gold coin in one of his boxes some short time since, which on examination proved to be a dollar piece bearing the date A.D. 1853. It appears a party of Chinamen from California had worked the adjacent ground, and it is supposed the gold coin had been dropped by one of them.—*Tuapeka Times*.

BENDIGO.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

March 18, 1875.

People are beginning to be alive to the fact that indulging in Utopian ideas of prosperity of Bendigo is but a waste of time, and seem willing to take a common-sense view of the matter, and leave posterity to shift for itself. The gold is here, and no great injustice will be done to the next generation by the present one utilising a fair share during their term. The reefs will in all probability outlast us, and a far greater boon will be conferred on our successors if we leave these well developed than if we were to pass away and neglect the opportunity of prospecting and working the vast resources so beneficently placed at hand. As a proof that these convictions are gaining ground, I may instance the great number of new mining leases lately applied for here, and about which a greater amount of activity has been displayed than has been witnessed for years; in fact, at last we seem to be in earnest. The Government will benefit to the tune of about £500 for rent alone, and this sum, compared with our small population, is a significant sign of an improved condition of affairs.

On the new line of reef south of Logan's, some splendid stone has been taken out. The reef is about eight inches wide, and can be traced for sixty feet on the surface in the Hit or Miss claim. The gold is very coarse, and the prospects grand. Mr Logan the other day offered £100 for one ton of quartz, but the proprietors declined to sell. There is also a splendid leader opened in the Cromwell Company's lease, apparently running into the Great Britain (Parry and Co.). The stone shown me is absolutely the richest I have ever seen on Bendigo, if I except the old Aurora patch in bygone days, and excellent prospects of loose gold can be washed from the soil in the vicinity of the leader. Men are being put to work to test the various leases, and so probably, ere long, our reefs may be expected to cause considerable stir in the mining world, notwithstanding the counter attractions of Ohinemuri or the Palmer.

I was shown some excellent stone a few days ago, said to be taken out somewhere between Logan's and the Aurora lines. The locality is being "kept dark," but claims have been marked off in the supposed direction. However, until I see something more reliable than a few pieces of stone showing gold, I must decline to vouch for this discovery. There are bona fide reefs and mythical reefs, and I have noticed that the latter class generally predominates when any sort of a rush is on. To speculators who propose trying to "make a rise" by licking, expectorating on, and exhibiting stale specimens, I simply say "Don't! the game was played out years ago."

The Cromwell Company are going on "the even tenor of their way." Vast quantities of rich stone are being daily raised, but the crushing is nearly at a standstill. The water supply is running very short for want of a rainfall. I believe the manager is retorting the amalgam from the last washing up, and a fine cake may shortly be seen in Cromwell. The Reliance is still driving, but have not yet cut the reef. They cannot be many feet off, however, if the reef continues its present direction, as shown in the adjoining ground.

The Lucknow manager is engaged in putting up a rise from the drive to meet the old shaft, and thus drain the ground. It must be a nasty, wet job. It seems a curious idea, and, if allowed to express an opinion, I might state that I fancy the company would effect a considerable saving if the shaft was sunk to meet the level. However, that is their and the manager's business, and among them be it.

The Deep Level Company are steadily boring into the bowels of the earth. The tunnel is in about sixty feet. There is a little improvement in the rock, and if no great change occurs, the progress will be much more rapid than that of other tunnels I might name. The "country" is highly mineralised, showing great quantities of sulphurets, pyrites, etc., and this is generally accepted as a pretty sure sign that gold-bearing rocks will be met with in the vicinity. The work progresses night and day, three shifts of men being employed. There is some talk of procuring a boring machine. There are great facilities for working one of these engines here, water power flowing past the works at all seasons, and sufficient fuel easily obtainable. The lithofracteur will be up next week, and when tried, your readers who may be interested shall learn the result, and the value of this great auxiliary to mining operations.

Just one growl, *a la* "Timon," and I am done. Beef and mutton are too dear here. Why such is the case is greatly exercising our simple minds just now. We are in a place where these necessary adjuncts are grown at the very doors, and yet we have to pay fully one-fourth more than the people of Dunedin, and that for an inferior article. On the Waitaki, I believe cattle are allowed to die off and manure the ground for want of a market. Would it not pay some of the proprietors of these now useless animals to visit our district. A steady supply would, I am confident, find a constant and remunerative demand here. Everything is dear enough in this out-of-the-way place, without having to pay famine prices for absolute necessities.

When we see a muscav'ar woman enter a hardware store, shut her teeth together, and inquire the "price of them 'ere iron-handled rolling-pins," we cannot help feeling that there is rest beyond the grave for her husband.

CARDRONA.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

March 16, 1875.

Since my last communication, it is now my pleasing task to record a considerable improvement in mining matters, and business in general.

The deep-sinking claims at work are all on payable gold. The Enterprise, which is situated furthest south, are now on a splendid run, with every prospect of a continuance for a considerable time, and turning out as much as 50z per day for six men. They are using a whip for drawing their stuff up, but will shortly have a whim erected. The adjoining claim, the Band of Hope, has lately become the property of Messrs McDougall and Smith. This claim is unworked at present, pending certain negotiations of sale, after completion of which, I am informed, it will be opened and worked in a systematic manner; and as two separate runs of gold have been traced, there can be no doubt it will pay the present owners handsomely. The Banner of War is turning out from £5 to £6 per week regularly, with several years' work before them. The Empire Company, after ten weeks' dead work in erecting new pumping machinery and winding gear, have just got their deep-level tail-race up to the bottom of their incline, and are all ready for a fresh start; and I hope in my next to be able to report of something "heavy" being struck in that claim. It is the general opinion that it will prove the best on the lead, owing to its position on a bend of the old river-bed. Prospects indicating £20 per week were met with in driving up the tail-race. The Pirate is also paying good dividends.

Above the township, Messrs Fox are opening a new claim, which it is believed will be a success. They are incurring a great outlay in the necessary machinery and plant.

The ground below the Empire and part of the old Union claim has also been taken up by two large parties of Chinese, who are going in vigorously,—bringing up tail-races, erecting water-wheel, etc.

At Branch Creek, the sluicing claims of Farquhar and Co. and Bolton and Co. are steadily at work, with a never-failing supply of water. Their respective summer washings-up gave the usual satisfactory average of about £7 per week. It is very astonishing with what regularity the gold is distributed throughout these two claims. In order to ascertain the yield of six months' work, measure the cubic contents of ground sluiced away, and the result is generally correct within a trifle.

The lower township is beginning to look more substantial. Several dwelling-houses are being put up; while a blacksmith's shop and Messrs Cotter's store and butcher's shop show conspicuously. A new school building has also been erected, which is really a credit to the place and to the builder. There still remains a balance of debt on it, to clear off which a concert and ball is to come off on the 19th, under the auspices of the Cardrona Concert Committee. It is expected to be a great success, as several talented lady amateurs have kindly volunteered their services. The Cardrona Jawbreakers, with a full band, will appear for the first time. A grand ball will also be held at McGrath's Golden Age Hotel on the night of the 17th.

It is on the *tap's* that a Good Templars' Lodge will shortly be formed at Cardrona. I sincerely wish the initiators of the movement success. A lodge must be needed when we consider that a population of less than one hundred keeps four hotels doing a roaring trade.

The Committee of the Miners' Association held their monthly meeting on the 2nd inst. A circular from the Central Association was read, inviting suggestions upon amendment of the mining rules and regulations, which was agreed to be dealt with at next special meeting. Messrs Yeldham and Fox reported having attended the Warden's Court to oppose the applications for agricultural leases over a large portion of the commonage frontage, the same being known to be more or less auriferous. They stated that the Warden decided to postpone the hearing till the 24th instant. It was resolved to use every legitimate effort to prevent the granting of leases of known auriferous country, and endeavour to have conditions or restrictions imposed on leases granted in the immediate vicinity of gold workings, in order to enable the bona fide miner to prospect, cut races, or otherwise follow his avocation, by paying a reasonable fee or compensation for actual damage only.

I noticed in your issue of 9th March, a "refutation" by one signing himself "Butcher," in which he reflects in very unbecoming language on the action taken by the Committee of the Miners' Association at a public meeting, held with a view of testing public opinion as to whether auriferous country should be granted in agricultural leases, and the commonage monopolised by a few. He states that "the meeting consisted principally of the committee and those much-oppressed cattle-owners," and that "great unanimity prevailed." For "Butcher's" information, I state positively that two-thirds of those attending were neither of the committee nor of the much-oppressed class; but I will grant that unanimity and order prevailed. No doubt his disgust was equal to the delight he would have experienced had a "grand barnev" or a row been the case. Then again, drawing upon the sympathy of the editor, and having the presumption to class him with himself, he says, "Had you been present, you would have wondered," etc. Now, I take leave to think you would not have wondered, in accordance with his particular instinct. Then he goes on to say: "One local Demosthenes viewed with alarm those appli-

cations as an infringement on a possibly payable goldfield." The Demosthenes referred to is a gentleman with no pretence to oratory, but respected by all who have the honour of his friendship, and "Butcher" misrepresents him, as will be seen by the resolution he proposed: "That this meeting views with alarm the steps taken by Messrs Kerin, Chalmers, Cotter, and Bond to secure agricultural leases in the vicinity of Boundary Creek and east side of Cardrona township, and pledges itself to use all legitimate means to prevent the granting of same, on the ground that the greater part of the locality in question is known to be highly auriferous, and the granting of the leases would be ruinous to the future mining interest of the district." Now, it must be evident that the creek-bed will soon be completely worked out, when we must look to the terraces; and if they are monopolised, what is the miner to do? Why, pay, like he did for Cotter's paddock, or lease the place. Is it not monstrous to think of one firm applying for a block claim of 800 acres of a commonage frontage, and another for 160 acres (of which latter I don't believe one single acre is fit for a plough to travel over), to the detriment of the whole community and positive ruin of several families? And knowing that those very applicants are living on and by the earnings of the miners, it seems to me a suicidal policy to endeavour to drive the miner out of the district.

I must now tell "Butcher" why Demosthenes did not "view with alarm the application of a neighbouring squatter (already the lessee of thousands of acres) for a square mile of country, prospected and known to be more auriferous than the land about which they have raised such a tempest in a teapot." For the thousands of acres, the squatter pays a yearly assessment of about £1600, and the square mile is good agricultural country, on which not a speck of gold has been discovered the last fifteen years. I've heard about the teapot before; and the balance of his insinuations I look upon as sheer bunkum, including the P.S., which is a feeble attempt at a joke.

In conclusion, I trust that "Butcher" for the future will display a little civility when sneaking through the Press of the present Committee of the Cardrona Miners' Association, and they in return shall not be found wanting in their duty when the mining interest is sought to be annihilated by monopolists.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

THE CARDRONA COMMONAGE.

To the Editor of the CROMWELL ARGUS.

SIR.—In your issue of 9th March appears a letter signed "Butcher," entitled a refutation, in which the writer, instead of refuting anything I said in my last, makes a rambling statement about beguiling the inhabitants of Cromwell into emigration, and so forth.

That the Cardrona commonage extends twelve miles I deny, or anything like it; and although "Butcher" tells the truth as to the amount of land applied for, he does not contradict my statement that the sections extend two-thirds of the frontage, and from the natural conformation of the country, if the applicants get the sections as they have pegged them, they will virtually have sole possession of a large block of country. "Butcher" says that by a negative supposition I make a charge. I reply that I make it by a positive affirmation, *viz.* that the applicants have several thousand sheep, and have no land but the sections applied for to run them on; that they have for the last two years monopolised the commonage, and I think I am not far wrong when I say that they mean to keep the little game on as long as possible. Whether the common, large or small, should satisfy a well-regulated community, is not for me to say. But why persons, professing to be diggers, should not run forty or fifty head of cattle, as well as that persons, professing to be butchers, agricultural leaseholders, or farmers, should run two or three hundred, is to me a "puzer." From my own knowledge, I may state there would be several more professional diggers running a few cattle, if it were not for the sheepists, *i.e.* sheep-owners, with no right of pasture.

The meeting of which "Butcher" speaks so sneeringly and falsely was a public meeting, attended by fully three-fourths of the inhabitants of Cardrona; and the chief objections were that they were (not, as said by "Butcher," possibly) but highly auriferous; and if any indignation was felt, either virtuous or otherwise, it was not paralysed at the said meeting.

In answer to "Butcher," let me say that at the close of the meeting a subscription list was placed on the table for the purpose of raising funds to sustain the objections, and to pay for the production of witnesses; and "Butcher," in leaving it to be inferred that the grand institution of the begging hat was used, has just wound up as he began, by distorting the truth till it looks as much like its opposite as possible.—I am, &c.,
YOUR CORRESPONDENT.

Cardrona, March 13, 1875.

An instance of the uncertainty of mining is cited in connection with Ohinemuri. Three years ago a miner, who prospected for some months at great risk from the Natives, returned to the Thames with quartz which yielded a high average of gold, but was unable to proceed with the development of his discovery, and he went to the West Coast, leaving instructions to telegraph for him immediately the district opened. Before the field was proclaimed he was telegraphed for, returned without wasting a moment, secured ten men to peg off a man's ground, but has been unable to find the reef again, although positive that he has after much searching through a rough country discovered somewhere about the spot.

Last number of the Provincial Gazette contains the conditions under which the Government offer a bonus of £250 for the best gold saving apparatus, plans and proposals for which are required to be sent in on or before the 1st of August ensuing.

PROVINCIAL AND COLONIAL.

The Rev. Charles Clark has, during the past week, been lecturing in Dunedin to crowded audiences. He visits Queenstown shortly.

Mr J. L. Gillies has resigned his seat for the representation of Waikouaiti in the House of Representatives. Messrs George McLean, H. Bastings, and T. L. Pratt are spoken of as likely candidates.

A peculiar decision was given lately by Mr Parker, R.M. at Oamaru. Four men were charged with gambling on the racecourse, and Mr Parker discharged them because they had a license from the local Turf Club.

The Tuapeka Good Templars advertise their ball in the new Town Hall, in opposition to the Roman Catholic entertainment on Easter Monday. It is said that this action is owing to the priests forbidding Catholics to join the Good Templars.

Peaches are being destroyed in and around Dunedin in great quantities. The pest or blight by which they are affected is a species of snail, which apparently grows with the fruit. It is a matter worthy the serious consideration of gardeners and others, whether something cannot be done which would have the effect of preserving this delicious fruit unimpaired.

The population of the Colony is steadily increasing. On the 31st December 1874, the total of the European population was estimated at 319,930. The population at the close of 1873 was 295,493, showing an increase in the last twelve months of 45,474. In round numbers, the population of New Zealand was increased by fifty thousand souls last year, being largely in excess of the whole Maori people.

The local paper reports that "George Murray, one of seven shepherds who brought over a large flock of sheep from the Waitaki to Tuapeka a few days ago, called last week at Mr Harrop's shop in Peel-street, complaining of a most acute pain in one of his ears. On being closely examined by Mr Harrop, and the ear speculum and forceps carefully applied, there was first one wing, then another, of some insect, or other extracted. Meanwhile the poor man appeared to be suffering most excruciating agony from the operation. Another attempt was made, and still another, when first a leg and then the body of a grasshopper were extracted. This creature, which was over an inch in length, had been in Mr Murray's ear for three days and three nights, and as might be imagined, caused him a great deal of pain and anxiety. How it got into his ear he cannot even guess, unless it was when he was asleep."

We learn from the *West Coast Times* that the Speaker of the Westland Provincial Council has been the recipient recently of the following letter, purporting to emanate from the Harp of Erin Hotel, and to be signed by the member for Okarito:—"Sir,—I trust you will accord me the satisfaction of naming a friend on whom to wait, and make arrangements for an honorable settlement of our dispute. I may be permitted to state that I am aware the course I now adopt is not allowed by the Standing Orders of the Provincial Council or British House of Commons. But, Sir, permit me to remind you that in pursuing this course I only do that which a very distinguished relative of mine did (this very day fourteen years ago) to the present Right Honorable Sir Robert Peel. I am also aware that this honorable system of settling disputes between gentlemen has at no time been recognised by your plebeian nation, but since time immemorial such has been the custom among gentlemen of all other nations and especially in the grand old country which gave me birth. In conclusion, I trust you will not further disgrace the name of Honorable by declining to accept an honorable settlement, or take advantage of my position as a member of the Provincial Council. If you do, Beware! Beware! Beware!—P.S. You can have choice of weapons." Of course, the communication is the production of some practical joker, but such, it is said, was not the presumption on the part of its recipient, and it was for some time a serious consideration with the police, the Executive, and the alarmed friends of the prospective duellist. Mr O'Donovan was carefully watched by detectives, and Mr Speaker consulted his safety by sleeping at Government House.

ITEMS BY THE SUEZ MAIL.

Alderman M'Swiny has been elected Lord Mayor of Dublin.

It is stated that Mr Bird, who lately gave half a million to the Church of Scotland, will receive a baronetcy.

The famous Bandigo, the converted prize-fighter, is preaching to outcast classes in London with striking results.

Prince Leopold is recovering from a mild attack of typhoid fever attributed to bad water and drainage at Oxford, but a fresh attack of hemorrhage creates alarm.

The leading Nonconformists of Glasgow have resolved to found a National Association to promote the abolition of the State Church of Scotland. Ample funds are forthcoming.

It was resolved at a public meeting at Glasgow to form an Industrial Mission settlement at the south end of Lake Ness, as a memorial to Dr Livingstone. £10,000 is to be raised for the purpose.

Mr Stanton, the champion bicycle rider, has undertaken to run 100 miles against four ponies for £100. On the 29th December, Keen, of Surbiton, backed himself against Berre's trotting cab for £50, but the ice prevented a proper finish of the match, the horse, though winning, being stopped by his

owner. In America, after repeated failures, Mr Weston has performed the exploit of walking 400 miles in six consecutive days.

Four men were executed on January 4th for murder in London, and three in Liverpool. One of the miscreants, Peter Campbell, guilty of the street murder of Richard Morgan, was reprieved. Several other cases of brutality have occurred at Liverpool, and the authorities roused by the reproaches of the Press, are devising measures for the suppression of street outrages. One gentleman offered £1000 as the nucleus of a fund for the object. In all our chief towns magistrates and judges are pronouncing in favour of severer discipline and flogging.

A rumour was recently current to the effect that the numerous donations of £1000 each to various London charities had been traced to Queen Victoria. From a statement now made, however, by the Church paper *John Bull*, it would appear that the rumour was incorrect. The paper in question states that the actual donor of the large sums referred to was a Mr Attwood, a bachelor gentleman, who died lately near Cheshunt, about eighty years of age. Upon an examination of Mr Attwood's books after his decease, it was found that he had given away no less than £375,000 in this manner, £45,000 being disposed of during the last year alone. Notwithstanding his liberality, Mr Attwood's personal estate amounts to upwards of a million sterling. He appears to have been a man of somewhat lax business habits, as a bank note for £1000 was found lying about in his room like a piece of waste paper; and he has, moreover, died intestate. He is said to have amassed his large fortune principally by the manufacture of glass, and to have been connected with the well-known Attwoods of Birmingham.

A CURE FOR TYPHOID FEVER.

The Rev. J. O. Stephens, vicar of Saverneke, writing to *The Times* under date December 23, says:—"On my being taken suddenly ill last year at Lucerne, I had acute symptoms of fever setting in; my friends forthwith called in Dr Steiger, who enjoys a considerable reputation throughout Switzerland. He ordered me to be at once what is called 'packed,' and on my expressing surprise, he said, 'I am thankful to tell you that the doctors in Switzerland and Germany have at last learnt the value of simple remedial measures. When Boerhaave's army entered Switzerland, I had charge of the fever hospital for this district, and out of twenty-four patients suffering from typhoid fever (two were brought in dying), I cured twenty-two entirely by application of the wet sheet. I used neither medicines nor stimulants, and the soldiers completely recovered their health in a very short time. During the last eight years this system has been carried on in the Basle Hospital with signal success, reducing in a surprising manner the death-rate in the fever wards. In private practice, I invariably adopt this system, and rarely lose a patient whom I have treated from the commencement of the fever. I have been particularly successful in puerperal and scarlet fevers. This system is now almost universally adopted throughout Switzerland and Germany.' Through Dr Steiger's assistance, attention and packing treatment, I was able to resume my journey in two days."

Now, if not trespassing too much on your valuable space, may I be allowed to explain the process and principle.

1. The Process.—A blanket is spread out on the bed, and a sheet, wrung out in cold water, placed on the blanket; the patient is then wrapped up in the sheet, and the blanket tightly packed round the body, other blankets being finally placed over the patient. In lieu of the sheet, a towel or towels may be used, depending entirely on the extent of fever and the probable reactionary powers of the patient. It will be found that each sheet will reduce the fever from three to seven degrees. This process is continued for about an hour, after which the patient is quickly washed over for a couple of minutes, either on the bed or in a tepid bath, and put back into bed. It is renewed at intervals of four or five hours until the fever is entirely subdued, which crisis is usually shown by a spontaneous outburst of natural perspiration. By means of the thermometer the fever can be kept in check by repeated sheets as a steam engine can be controlled by the handle of the machine.

2. The Principle.—It is always difficult to explain in simple language a system depending upon and that ought to be studied by the laws of science, but, in plain words, the wet-sheet-pack is simply a cooling process. As is well known, the rationale of all diseases is the determination of blood in excess to the interior of the body, and the foundation of all curative processes ought to be the withdrawal of such blood for healthy redistribution throughout the body. This is the principle of a poultice, and of the wet-sheet-pack. It withdraws the heat of fever as generated by accumulated blood, and it is continuously repeated till the body regains its normal temperature through a restored equilibrium of circulation. Furthermore, the poison which is the cause of all specific fevers is thus made to expend itself harmlessly, without involving the body in the destructive consequence of prolonged febrile excitement. It has been proved, without doubt, that the disease can be arrested and eradicated in the course of a few days, without running what is considered the usual course of a ven, fourteen, twenty-one, and forty-two days. The subsequent period, also, of a long convalescence is entirely avoided.

A Highland lady presented her laird with twins, and in due season triplets. "Dear me!" exclaimed an astonished neighbour, "I suppose the laird will have quadruplets next, and then centuplets!"

A lady, returning from an unprofitable visit to a church, declared that "when she saw the shawls of those 'mithe, and then she thought of the things her own girls had to wear, if it wasn't for the consolation of religion she did not know what she should do."

SELECTIONS.

"Scene" in the Tuapeka Town Council.

The local journal furnishes report of what Artemus Ward would have called an "episode" in the Tuapeka Town Council at its last meeting, in which our old townsman, Mr Fraer, was one of the principal actors. It seems the local Lodge of Good Templars met the Council, requesting use of the new Town Hall for the purpose of a contemplated ball on Easter Monday. Cr Fraer objected, as it had been publicly intimated the Roman Catholics were to have a concert and ball the same day, and he thought it would be bad taste for the Templars to clash with them. A discussion took place, during which it was stated that the Council had no power to deal with the Hall, as it was yet in the contractor's hands. A motion to grant request, and amendment were proposed, but the Mayor refused to put one or other. The *Times* then goes on to report as follows:—

Cr Fraer: With all due deference to the Mayor, thought his conduct in this matter showed great ignorance.

The Mayor hoped Cr Fraer would not use such insulting language towards the chair.

Cr Fraer persisted in his remarks, upon which the Mayor told him to sit down. Cr Fraer being desirous of having his say, at the same time wishing to show all respect to his Worship, reiterated his remarks, upon which the Mayor said that unless Cr Fraer took his seat and behaved in a respectful manner, he would be obliged to have him expelled from the Council Board.

Cr Fraer remarked to the effect that it would not be an easy matter to do that, upon which his Worship said if he could not find somebody to do it he would do it himself.

The Mayor requested the Town Clerk to take down the words of Cr Fraer—viz., "That the Mayor showed great ignorance in ruling that the motion an amendment should not be put."

Cr Fergusson remarked that this seemed very much like being sat upon, and moved: "That the deputation be asked to retire, so that the Council might consider the subject quietly and privately."

Cr Middleton objected. After the matter had been so far discussed in their presence, the deputation should be allowed to remain.

Mr McCoy here wished to make some remarks by way of explanation, but the Mayor would not allow him.

The Mayor showing no disposition to reverse his ruling, Councillors had quietly to draw in their horns, and

Cr Cox moved that the next business be gone on with, which accordingly was done.

Later on in the proceedings, Cr Fraer moved: That this Council regrets that his Worship the Mayor should have allowed discussion on a letter from the Good Templars re use of the Town Hall, and then ruled motion and amendment out of order.

The Mayor said he would not put the motion. If Cr Fraer wished to say anything with regard to the matter he had better give notice of motion.

Notice was accordingly given, and the wordy war came to an end.

Unearned Honors.

The *Post* of 12th instant says that "the news of Dr Buller's elevation to the rank of Companion of the Order of St. Michael and St. George will cause a feeling of mixed astonishment and indignation throughout the Colony—astonishment that Earl Carnarvon can have been so ill-advised as to recommend such an appointment, and indignation that so many worthy men should have been passed over in Dr Buller's favour. Who, it will be asked, is this briefless barrister, that he should be selected from New Zealand's colonists for this special mark of her Majesty's grace and favor? What has he done to merit such distinction as a member of the Civil Service of the Colony, or as a Resident Magistrate? What have been his services compared with those of Mr Bockham or Mr Strode? As a man of science, he is dimmed by comparison with such men as Dr Hector, Mr Mantell, Mr Travers, Mr Kirk, Mr Sutton, or even in his own ornithological branch, with Mr T. Potts, of Canterbury. As a barrister, he is unknown. The only possible ground, apart from the unblushing self-assertion on which he is singled out in this way, may be found in his having published at the expense of the Colony a series of burlesqued illustrations of New Zealand birds, and in having depicted in the pages of a professionally scientific work numbers of birds which, if they could be reproduced in the flesh and clothed with plumage as represented, would be pecked to death as strangers by the real Simon Pares, or killed as extraordinary specimens of Nature's freaks by the first person who met them in the bush. It is really an insult to the Colony (unintentional, no doubt) that Dr Walter Buller's name should be bracketed with the names of those other distinguished colonists who have received the Companionship of the Order as repayment for and recognition of long and distinguished public services. Messrs Vogel, Fitzherbert, and FitzGerald must certainly feel highly honored at the new companionship given them, but the Colony will wonder and grieve at the strange companionship. The brightness of the honor they have honorably and by long and faithful service won, has been considerably tarnished by being so unworthily extended. We venture to say that in every Province of New Zealand at least one hundred men could be named who have better deserved her Majesty's favor by their services to this portion of her Majesty's dominions. Truly Dr Buller has turned his

capital of birding to good account. A long leave of absence on salary obtained under circumstances which were made the subject of Parliamentary inquiry, resulting in peremptory instructions (of course disregarded) to the Agent-General to no longer employ him as secretary; a grant of £300 of public money towards an ornithological montrosity already referred to; a course of Temple dinners undergone while nominally acting-secretary to Dr Featherston and drawing a liberal salary; a doctor's diploma in philology; a foreign decoration; and now the companionship of a noble English Order—all these has Dr Buller plucked from the simple birds of the Colony."

That Emerson Boy.

(Detroit Free Press.)

That Emerson boy is dead, and there isn't anyone around that house to make fun. He was a cheerful, lively boy, and he did his best to make that household put on the mantle of joyfulness. Emerson often remarked that Bob didn't ever seem to sit down and think of the grave and death, and he probably never did.

No, Bob wasn't of that make. He wanted to have fun. Both his ears were nearly worn up by being cuffed so much, and it took a whole row of currant-bushes to furnish whips to dust his jacket for the summer.

Emerson didn't know what fun was until Bob was eight years old. Then the boy began to launch out. He would bore gimlet-holes in the bottom of the water-pail, put cartridges in the coal-stove, unscrew the door-knobs, fill the kerosene-lamp with water, and a good thrashing didn't burden his mind over five minutes.

One night he brought home a wolf-trap and set it in the middle of the wood-shed floor to catch a rat. He chuckled a good deal that evening at the thought of what would happen to the rats, and he fell asleep and dreamed that he was a hand-organ, and that someone stole the crank to him, so that he couldn't be played on. Just before going to bed, old Emerson went out after a scuttle of coal, and he stepped his bootless foot into that trap. He made a mighty spring and uttered a mighty yell, and it took two men ten minutes to spring the trap off his leg.

"It's that boy's work!" he groaned, as he nursed his foot, and he took up the boot-jack, limped into the bedroom, and gave Bob an awful clip just as the child was dreaming of playing base-ball with a mermaid.

"I'll pound ye to death if ye don't stop this fooling!" cried the old man; but he hadn't been out of the bedroom ten minutes before Bob was planning to stop the chimney next day and smoke everybody out of the house. It wasn't many days before he fired a darning-needle in the cushion of his father's arm-chair, and bounced the old man three feet high; and his licking hadn't got over smarting before he exploded a cracker in his mother's snuff-box. That night the old man said to him as he took him by the ear: "Robert Parathon Emerson, do you ever think of where you will go to?"

"Yes, sir," he answered; "I'll go to bed purty soon."

Then he got another manling, and went to bed to dream that he was a three-pronged pitchfork, and that a man was using him to load hay with.

Poor boy! Even three days before he died, he managed to slip an eight-ounce tack into his father's left-foot boot, and got up another circus.

Odds and Ends.

Kaiser With Im has established an "Order of the Lye," and all the political papers want to invest each other with it.

A young lady "burst into tears" the other day but has been put together again, and is now wearing hoops to prevent a recurrence of the accident.

And when that blushing San Francisco bride showed the cleave for a million to her husband, he burst into tears and exclaimed with intense fervor, "and even that shall not separate us!"

Worth Knowing.—Flour will extinguish the flames of burning kerosene promptly. It rapidly absorbs the fuel, deadens the flame, and can be readily gathered up and thrown out of doors.

At Salt Lake City there is an aged Mormon, who is the husband of a woman and her two daughters. Thus, his first wife is his mother-in-law, his step-daughters are his wives, his son by his first wife is half brother to his other wives and a sort of uncle to his other children, and— you can study it out further, if you want to.

Crise.—Driver. (Impatient).—"Now, Bill, what's it all about?" Conductor.—"Getleman wants to be put down at No. 20A, in Clarendon-square, just north on the right after you pass the 'Red Lion' private entrance, round the corner!" Driver.—"Oh, certainly! Ask the getleman if we shall drive upstairs, or set 'im down at 'is bedroom door in 'is three-pair back?"

In Tumb, a retired brewer named Molson built a brick church, and in letters that occurred nearly a third of its side, inscribed, "This church was built by Thomas Molson, at his sole expense.—Hebrews xx., &c." Some of the colonists were on a excursion got a ladder and made the inscription read, with a slight alteration: "This church was erected by Thomas Molson, at his son's expense. He brews xx. Old Tom."

A friend has us this for publication; of course we should not venture to publish it except on request! "A patron of certain newspapers once said to the publisher: 'Mr Printer, how is it you have never called on me for pay for your paper?' 'Oh,' said the man of types, 'we never ask a gentleman for money.' 'Indeed,' replied the patron, 'how do you manage to get along when they don't pay?' 'Why,' said the editor, 'after a certain time we conclude that he is not a gentleman, and we ask him.' 'Oh—ah—yes—I see: Mr Editor please give me a receipt and hands him a V. 'Make my name all right on your books.'"

Miscellaneous

Alexandra

NORWICH UNION FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY.

RISKS TAKEN ON THE MOST LIBERAL TERMS.

JAMES MARSHALL,
Melmore-Street, Cromwell.

CROMWELL PUBLIC LIBRARY.

The Library contains an extensive variety of Books in every department of literature: and about £40 worth of New Works is expected to arrive shortly from Great Britain.

All the Provincial Newspapers, and a number of English Papers and Periodicals, are regularly received for the use of Subscribers.

Annual subscription, £1 1s; Half-yearly, 12s 6d; Quarterly, 7s 6d.

CROMWELL WATERWORKS.

Under authority of the Municipal Corporations Waterworks Act, 1872.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given, that the Plan and Book of Reference required by the above Act, showing the properties about to be acquired by the Corporation for carrying out the proposed Waterworks, and the positions and the names of the present occupiers of the same, have been deposited at the Office of the Town Council, and may be inspected during reasonable hours for a period of three calendar months from the date hereof.

CHAS. COLCLOUGH,
Town Clerk.

9th January 1875.

COACHING NOTICE.

THOMAS GILMOUR

Begs to announce to the public that after 1st January, 1875, he will run a coach as follows:—

Between Cromwell and CARDRONA, leaving Cromwell every TUESDAY morning and returning every WEDNESDAY afternoon.

Every exertion made to ensure punctuality.

Parcels carried at reasonable rates, and carefulness in delivery, etc., to be depended upon.

NOTICE.

POISON for DOGS will be laid on MOUNT PISA STATION on and after this date.
I. LOUGHNAN,
Mount Pisa, 12th May, 1870.

ALBERT HOTEL,
STORE, & POST-OFFICE,
ALBERT TOWN.

H. NORMAN

Begs to intimate that he has made very extensive improvements in the above old establishment, and can now offer unrivalled accommodation, both for man and horse.

A large stock of GENERAL STORES & DRAPERY always on hand.

Old acquaintances will please remember that they can still make themselves perfectly at home at

H. NORMAN'S,
ALBERT TOWN.

ALBION HOTEL AND STORE

LUGGATE,

23 miles from Cromwell, on the main road to Lake Wanaka.

H. MAIDMAN Proprietor.

This well-known Hotel possesses every accommodation for the comfort and convenience of travellers.

Groceries, Clothing, Drapery, Ironmongery, Mining Tools, &c., &c., constantly on hand, at Cromwell prices.

GOOD STABLING.

N.B.—District Post Office.

MEDICAL HALL, CLYDE.

LOUIS HOTOP,

CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST,

SUNDERLAND-ST., CLYDE.

Prescriptions carefully prepared.

BOOKSELLER, STATIONER, AND NEWS VENDER.

Importer of English, Foreign, and Colonial Newspapers and Magazines.

Libraries and Magazine Clubs supplied at a small advance upon English prices.

MANUHERIKIA BREWERY,
ALEXANDRA.

THEYERS & BECK beg to announce that they are prepared to supply their SPARKLING XXXX ALES in any quantity.
Delivered free of cartage within twenty miles.

Orders left with

Mr THEYERS, Alexandra;

Mr C. P. BECK, Clyde;

or at the Brewery, will be promptly attended to

THEYERS AND BECK,
BREWERS,
ALEXANDRA.

J. C. CHAPPLE,
AUCTIONEER.

Any orders for Sales in the Cromwell District may be left at the ARGUS Office, and will meet with prompt attention.

Dunedin Advertisements

WHEELER'S ADVERTISING AGENCY.

R. T. WHEELER,
COLLECTOR,

Advertising and General Commission Agent,
STAFFORD-STREET, DUNEDIN.

Agent for the CROMWELL ARGUS.

W. REID, NURSERY
and SEEDSMAN,
PRINCES-STREET, DUNEDIN.

has on sale a very large stock of all kinds of FRUIT TREES, from one to six years old; also, a large variety of Pines and other kinds of Forest Trees, Shrubs, Roses, and Flowers; Agricultural, Garden, and Flower Seeds.

All orders well packed, free of charge.

Established Twenty Years.

GEORGE MATTHEWS,
NURSERYMAN,
SEEDSMAN, AND SEED-GROWER,
MORAY PLACE, DUNEDIN.

Begs to intimate that he has constantly on hand Agricultural and Garden Seeds
Fruit, Forest, and Ornamental Trees in season
Garden Tools
Pruning Gloves
Flower Pots, &c. &c

VULCAN FOUNDRY,
Great King-street, Dunedin.

KINCAID, McQUEEN AND CO.

Boilermakers, Engineers, Millwrights, Founders, Blacksmiths, &c.

All kinds of castings in Brass and Iron.
Steam Engines and Boilers made and repaired
Overshot, Breast, and Turbine Waterwheels;
Quartz-crushing Machinery, Pumping and Wind-lifting Gear.

Cast-iron Sluice and Ripple Plates; Sheet-iron Hopper and Sluice Plates. (punched to any size of holes), Gold-dredging Spoons, etc.

Flour-mill Machinery.

All kinds of Reaping, Threshing, Horse-power Machines made and repaired.

Improved Reaping Machines.

K., M'K. and Co.'s improved Wrought-Iron Piping for Fluming and Hydraulic Mining is the best in use, and cheaper than canvas.

CRAIG & GILLIES,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
CABINETMAKERS AND UPHOLSTERERS,
Importers of English and Scotch Furniture.

Walnut Drawing-room Suites in various styles; American Cane and Wood Chairs; Chimney and Dressing Glasses; Iron and Wood Bedsteads and Children's Cots; Spring Mattresses made all sizes; Palliasses, Mattresses, Bolsters, and Pillows; Brussels, Tapestry, Kidder, and Felt Carpets; China, Persian, and Cocoa Matting; Floorcloths all widths; Door and Fancy Mats in great variety.

Country orders punctually attended to and carefully packed.

Observe—GEORGE STREET, DUNEDIN.

Dunedin

BRITISH HOTEL,
corner of
GEORGE and HANOVER STREETS,
DUNEDIN.

The Proprietor respectfully calls the attention of residents on the Gold-fields to the excellence of accommodation he is enabled to offer to Country Visitors, Travellers, and Boarders.

The Hotel is commodious, well-furnished, and centrally situated.

ALEXANDER M'GREGOR,
Proprietor.

AUSTRALASIAN HOTEL,
MACLAGGAN-STREET, DUNEDIN.

JAMES PATTERSON, late of Clyde, begs to inform his numerous up-country friends that he has leased the above hotel, which he has put in a thorough state of repair. He has spared no expense in making this large and well-known house a comfortable home for boarders; and visitors from up-country will have every attention paid to their welfare. This Hotel is conveniently situated, being within a very short distance of the Railway Station.

Wines and Spirits of the best qualities.

MILLS, DICK, AND CO.,
PAPER BAG

MANUFACTURERS AND IMPORTERS,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCERS' STATIONERS,
STAFFORD ST., DUNEDIN.

Lithographed Show Cards, Bottle Labels, &c., &c.

Lawrence

VICTORIA HOTEL,
PEEL-STREET, LAWRENCE.

RICHARD WILLIAMS Proprietor.

Families and Travellers visiting Lawrence will find every accommodation, and receive the best attention, at this old-established Hotel.

A new building has recently been erected, which considerably enlarges the accommodation and enhances the comfort of visitors. The additions comprise a suit of Private Apartments, commodious Bedrooms, and well furnished and cosy Sittingrooms, and render the Victoria one of the largest and most comfortable country hotels in the province.

A substantial Stable has also been erected, making now 13 stalls; together with four loose boxes and coach house.

Paddock for the accommodation of horses.

Patent Medicine

NERVOUSNESS—DERILITY—LOSS OF POWER—SPERMATORRHOEA—THE INDISCRETIONS OF EARLY YOUTH—SYPHILITIC DISEASES.

In all the above cases, arising from errors and the yielding to the passions, no time should be lost to at once arrest the progress of disease.

DR L. L. SMITH has devoted himself for twenty years in the colony to the practice of this branch of his profession, while previously in England he was the pupil of, and practised with, the celebrated Dr R. T. Culverwell, the only medical practitioner who ever exclusively adopted this as the sole branch of his profession.

Dr L. L. Smith hereby informs the public that he is the only legally-qualified medical man in this speciality of his profession; that others advertising are unqualified, and that, therefore, in pretending to be qualified, they are obtaining money under false pretences.

Dr L. L. Smith also warns the public against the quackeries advertised. If the taker of any of these advertised nostrums escape with his life, or his system be not thoroughly and irreparably undermined by them, he may look upon himself as the most fortunate mortal.

Dr L. L. Smith has been applied to by so many unfortunate broken-down young-old-men, utterly crushed in spirit, ruined in body, and flung in pocket, that he deems it a duty to publish this to the world.

Those men and women who have been the victims of unprincipled charlatans frequently seek that recovery which is often beyond Dr Smith's control. When will the public understand that it is to their interest to consult a duly qualified medical man, who has made this his sole study, rather than apply to a number of ignorant impostors, who merely harp and prey upon their pockets and health?

Dr L. Smith has always stated that to warn the public of these quackeries is his chief reason for advertising.

In all cases of nervous debility, loss of spirits, loss of power, pimples on the forehead, lassitude, inaptitude for business, impotency, drainage from the system, and the various effects of errors of youth, and blood poisoning from diseases previously contracted, Dr L. L. Smith invites sufferers to consult him, as he has no hesitation in stating that no medical man, either here or in England, has had the opportunities of prac-

Patent Medicines

tice and extraordinary experience which he has had. Therefore, those who really desire to be treated by one who is at the head of his profession in this branch of medical practice should lose no time in seeking his advice. Nor should anyone marry without first consulting him.

Books published by the Doctor can be had on application to him.

The new Consulting Rooms are at
182 COLLING-STREET EAST, MELBOURNE,
Opposite the Melbourne Club, (late the residence of the Governor.)

Private Entrance in in Stephen-street South.

CONSULTATION FREE (by letter) ... L.L.

Medicines forwarded to all the Colonies, so packed as to avoid observation.

THE DOCTOR FOR ALL!

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.

Chest Complaints.

No diseases are more frequent, few more dangerous, than affections of the respiratory organs. The first symptoms of catarrh, bronchitis, and influenza, may always be radically removed by Holloway's renowned Pills. They quickly remedy any temporary stagnation of blood, relieve any over-gorged veins, moderate the hurried breathing, and enable the lungs to do their office with ease and regularity. These Pills, by their purifying powers, cleanse the blood from all impurities, and fortify the system against constitution, asthma, and similar complaints.

Disorders Peculiar to Women.

There is no medicine equal to Holloway's Pills for correcting the ailments incidental to females. They may be taken with safety for any irregularity of the system, as they remove all cause of maladies, and so restore, by their grand purifying properties, females of all ages to robust health.

Stomach, Liver, Kidneys, and Bowels.

From various causes these organs are frequently getting out of order, and require some suitable medicine to regulate them. Holloway's Pills effect this object with wonderful celerity and certainty. They do not distress the system, or weaken the frame; they thoroughly invigorate the digestive organs. They gently excite the stomach and liver, stimulate the kidneys to perform their functions efficiently, and act upon the bowels without griping or any other annoyance. gain, taken an hour before dinner, they cannot be equalled as a "Dinner Pill," as they entirely prevent acidity, flatulency, nausea, and illness.

Influenza, Diphtheria, and Sore Throats.

How all important it is to check the first departure from health! all may do so by taking Holloway's Pills, without risk or restriction. In all diseases affecting the blood, nerves, and muscles, or in cases of fever, sore throat, colds, coughs, asthma, and shortness of breath, the earlier they are taken the better.

Children's Complaints.

Diseases incidental to children, such as feverish attacks, scarlet fever, measles, and all diseases of the skin, may be immediately checked, and soon cured, by these purifying Pills, which may be reduced to a powder, and given in doses of one, two, or three nightly, according to the age of the sufferer. Holloway's Ointment is something, cooling, and healing, and is better adapted than any other remedy for all external ailments.

Indigestion, Bile, and Sick Headaches.

No organ in the human body is so liable to disorder as the liver, and none is more apt, when neglected, to become seriously diseased. When nausea, flatulency, or acidity on the stomach, warns us that digestion is not proceeding properly, Holloway's Pills regulate every function, give strength to every organ, speedily remove all causes of indigestion, bile, and sick headaches, and effect a permanent cure.

Lumbago, Rheumatism, and Gout.

In these diseases, the blood is always in a highly inflammatory state; the stomach is also disordered, and the liver and kidneys unnaturally torpid. A few doses of these Pills, taken in time, will rectify all these symptoms by their cooling and purifying properties.

Windy or Watery Dropsy.

Whoever is afflicted with these complaints should at once have recourse to Holloway's Pills. They act most energetically on the glandular and absorbent system, purify the blood, and impart a vigour which age or other causes may have temporarily taken away. They excite the kidneys to increased activity, and thereby stimulate the absorbents to remove the fluid already collected.

Holloway's Pills are the best Remedy known in the world for the following diseases:—

Ague	Inflammation
Asthma	Jaundice
Bilious Complaints	Liver Complaints
Blotches on the Skin	Lumbago
Bowel Complaints	Piles
Cold's	Rheumatism
Constipation of the Bowels	Retention of Urine
Consumption	Scrofula, or King's Evil
Debility	Sore Throats
Dropsy	Stone and Gravel
Dysentery	Secondary Symptoms
Erysipelas	Tic Dolorous
Female Irregularities	Tumours
Fever of all kinds	Ulcers
Fits	Venereal Affections
Gout	Worms of all kinds
Headache	Weakness, from whatever cause
Indigestion	&c &c &c.

* * * There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N.B.—Directions for the guidance of patients, in every disorder are affixed to each box, and can be had in any language—even in Chinese.

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